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FOR THE TRIBUNE

This Paper Consists of Two  
Sections—SECTION ONE  
CIRCULATION  
Over 600,000 Sunday  
Over 300,000 Daily

# The Chicago Daily Tribune. EXTRA

VOLUME LXXIII. NO. 266. C SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1914. TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

PRICE ONE CENT. IN CHICAGO AND SUBURBS TWO CENTS.

## MEXICANS MAY OPEN ATTACK ON VERA CRUZ

### Carranza Considering an Assault on American Forces.

## RADICALS WANT WAR.

MEXICO, Nov. 6.—(Special.)—Gen. Carranza's army of 100,000 men at Vera Cruz will be attacked by Gen. Carranza's numerically superior Constitutional forces if plans for an assault on the city are approved. Carranza's army is now at Vera Cruz, which is about sixty miles from Mexico City.

These dispatches said Gen. Carranza, commander of the army, and his personal staff are tonight traveling by rail from Puebla to Cordova, which is about sixty miles west of Vera Cruz. Carranza has summoned Gen. Aguirre and staff to meet him at Cordova tomorrow for a conference regarding steps to be taken to bring about the evacuation of the port by its American occupants and to plan for the administration of the city after Gen. Aguirre's forces occupy it.

Strength of Mexicans in Doubt. Estimates of the number of men under Gen. Aguirre's command vary widely. American army officers at Vera Cruz have given the total strength at 6,000 to 8,000. Constitutionalists here say Aguirre has 80,000 heavily armed and provided with machine guns and field artillery. Carranza's idea is believed to be to precipitate warfare between the United States and Mexico through an attack at Vera Cruz and thereby draw to his leadership the present warring Mexican factions.

The more radical of his cabinet members are said to have informed Carranza that unless a national issue is raised to inflame Mexican patriotism his proposal by the Aguascalientes conference will likely be followed shortly by his death or flight from Mexico.

## Fulton May Get Ultimatum.

The only real issue in Mexico now, aside from the Carranza dispute and the land problem, is anti-Americanism, which is reaching a dangerous pitch. The outcome of the Cordova conference is expected to be an ultimatum to the state department and to Gen. Funston to immediately evacuate Vera Cruz, failure to comply with which will result in an attack on the American troops.

## Say U. S. Army Will Evacuate.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 6.—(Special.)—The afternoon papers say that Vera Cruz will be evacuated by the American forces within a few days.

Gen. Venustiano Carranza left Puebla today for Soledad, where he will confer with Carranza's commander, who is reaching a dangerous pitch. The outcome of the Cordova conference is expected to be an ultimatum to the state department and to Gen. Funston to immediately evacuate Vera Cruz, failure to comply with which will result in an attack on the American troops.

## Urge Driving Out Americans.

These proclamations, purporting to be signed by high Mexican officials, call on the citizens to drive the foreigners from their shores. An effort to circulate these papers was frustrated by the police two days ago. There was no interference today.

The state department at Washington has advised the Mexican government that the decree declaring void all mining and oil concessions granted during the Huerta regime is not tenable. Washington has advised the Mexican foreign office that property must be respected.

## Gen. Villa Offers to Retire.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 6.—Gen. Villa has formally notified the national convention at Aguascalientes of his willingness to resign command of his troops and retire to private life if it is necessary to bring about the elimination of Gen. Carranza.

The convention, according to official reports received here today, received Villa's communication with a tumult of applause. No action was taken on it, pending the report of a commission which will be sent to Puebla to notify Carranza of the election of Gen. Gutierrez as provisional president.

## Gutierrez Friendly to U. S.

Gutierrez has stated to American agents that as soon as he is sworn in as provisional president he will issue the proclamation giving the guarantee demanded by the United States before withdrawing its forces from Vera Cruz. Villa has agreed to support Gutierrez in his endeavor to issue the proclamation, which Carranza refused to issue.

## High Officials Here, However, Said That Such a Proclamation Would Not Be Sufficient to Bring About the American Withdrawal While the Forces of Gen. Carranza, Aguirre, who is loyal to Carranza, Command the State of Vera Cruz. Should Send a Force to that vicinity and Compel the troops to be able to back up the guarantees. American troops might be withdrawn.

## Rail Head Indicted for Loaning Out His Private Coach

### W. L. Ross, Ex-Official of Alton, Gave Late Edward Morris Ride.

## CLYNE TAKES ACTION

In January, 1912, when the late Edward Morris, the packer, was seized with the illness from which ultimately he died, he sought to regain his health by a sojourn at Hot Springs, Ark.

He desired to surround himself with his family during his stay in the south. Accordingly, he purchased eight tickets over the Chicago and Alton railroad. Two were half fare tickets to be used by children in the family.

According to a representative of the railroad, he prepared to travel in a Pullman car. It happened, however, that the private car of W. L. Ross, vice president of the Alton, was attached to the train on Jan. 26 when the Morris family made the trip.

## Guests in Official Car.

Mr. Ross, it is said, invited Mr. Morris and the members of his family into his car as guests, and thus they made the trip to Hot Springs. But the journey did not benefit the packer's health. He died on Nov. 5, 1913.

Yesterday indictments were returned before Judge Carpenter in the federal court by the grand jury charging the Chicago and Alton railroad and Mr. Ross, who now is president of the Toledo, St. Louis and Western railroad, with violation of the interstate commerce laws relating to railroad passenger rates.

It is alleged that the Alton road and Mr. Ross violated the law by permitting Mr. Morris to travel in Hot Springs in a private car on six full fare and two half fare tickets.

## Legal Tariff Regulations.

The legal tariff regulations require that there shall be paid at least eighteen full fares for transportation in a private car. The railroad company is liable to a maximum penalty of \$20,000. The offense charged against Mr. Ross carries a maximum penalty of two years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$5,000.

## The Investigation into the Case.

The investigation into the case was started in District Attorney Clyne's office several days ago by special representatives of the interstate commerce commission. Alexander Elder, special assistant to the attorney general, and Assistant District Attorney Albert L. Hopkins presented the evidence to the grand jury.

Representatives of the Alton deny there was any violation of law and recite the conditions under which Mr. Morris and family made the trip as related above.

## CITY MAY BAR ZIONITES FROM COMING TO CHICAGO.

### Health Department May Prevent Them from Holding Services—Fear Smallpox Infection.

The city health department may take action to prevent Willbur Glenn Voliva from coming to Chicago with his band of followers during the existence of the present smallpox epidemic in Zion City.

Voliva yesterday announced that he would resume his meetings at the Zion tabernacle at Twenty-fifth street and Michigan avenue.

"The devil doesn't want me in Chicago, so I am going back there to pour in the bucket," Voliva told his Zion City followers. "I put out three-quarters of a million handbills against vaccination and the devil thought he would get us, so he gave us smallpox to try us out. I am glad he did."

## Officials of the City Health Department May Decide to Prevent Voliva and his Followers from Coming to Chicago on the Ground that they may spread infection.

The state health authorities also may take a hand and call upon the sheriff of Lake county for assistance in placing the entire population of Zion City under quarantine.

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## Most Honest Man is Found.

### Fish Peddler "Short Changes" Woman by Mistake, Then Turns the Money Over to Police.

Israel Brausman, 2189 Washburne avenue, a fish dealer, is the most honest man in Chicago in the estimation of the Woodlawn police.

He sold some fish to a woman of Woodlawn yesterday morning. She gave him a \$5 bill in payment. He mistook the bill for \$1 and gave her back change for that amount. Then he drove away. Later he discovered he had \$4 too much, so he drove over to the police station and handed the money to the sergeant.

"I'm a poor man, but I don't want to cheat anybody," he said. "I want you to try to find the woman I short changed by mistake. She may need the money worse than I do."

## GERMAN PRINCE AGAIN HURT.

### Joachim, Son of Former Regent of Brunswick, Wounded While on Battle Line.

[By Cable to The Chicago Tribune.] AMSTERDAM, Nov. 6.—Prince Joachim, son of the ex-regent of the duchy of Brunswick, is reported to have been seriously wounded in the foot. This is the second time he has been wounded.

# Homes for the War Orphans of Europe

IN this war-induced world crisis what is the most helpful thing that can be done? This is the question which The Tribune has been carefully considering for weeks. The obvious answer is to stop the war. When the time is opportune for the president of the United States to act The Tribune and its friends will lend him their heartiest support.

What is the most helpful thing that can be done now? An answer to this question is the movement which we launch today.

The war orphans are in need. Some are without mothers. Some are on the shoulders of poor, overburdened women. Left to themselves hundreds will starve, other hundreds will freeze, while penury, want, privation, suffering and disease will visit hundreds of thousands.

On the other hand ours is a blessed land. God has been good to us. Our poor are rich compared with the orphans of Europe. A little of our waste would relieve the worst portion of the European situation. Thousands of American families want children. Their hearts are hungry; their firesides are vacant.

The Tribune, after deliberate consideration, has come to the conclusion that the best service

which can be rendered now is to bring together the wants of the war orphans of Europe and the wish of American homes for children.

The service will be one that gives permanent, abiding, substantial help. It permanently removes a burden from the shoulders of the borne down mothers. It saves from suffering the women and children of the war-stricken land. At the same time it contributes to our country what will prove in time a substantial resource.

The plan is to give the people of the United States an opportunity to ask for these children. We prefer, and it is best, that the children be adopted. To this end we will send to Europe a corps of physicians and nurses who will see that no children are accepted except those free from taint of every sort—strong, sturdy, bright-eyed, clean-limbed children such as can be welcomed in The Tribune homes with safety.

This is no ordinary time. Never in the world's history has disaster been so appalling as at the present time. Our response must not be ordinary. Every man must square his conscience with the extraordinary need.

In THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE tomorrow details of the plan will be announced.

## "WOLF OF WALL STREET" GETS CAUGHT IN GOTHAM

### David Lamar, Who Long Had Fought Removal from Washington, Tries "Flying Trip."

New York, Nov. 6.—David Lamar, the "wolf of Wall street," who has been fighting removal to this city from the District of Columbia since his indictment in 1913 on a charge of impersonating a government officer with intent to defraud, was here tonight by two agents of the department of justice.

Lamar is making a secret flying trip to this city and had expected to dodge the federal authorities.

Now that he is in this jurisdiction, Lamar undoubtedly will have to plead to the indictment which charges him with violating section 32 of the United States criminal code by impersonating Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania in order to defraud Lewis Case Lodge, J. P. Morgan & Co. and the United States Steel corporation.

## When Lamar Appeared before the senate lobby investigating committee he admitted he had impersonated Congressman Palmer and also Congressman Riden of New York. He was arrested in September, 1913, on this charge and on a supplementary one that in telephonic conversations he had represented that he was speaking on the authority of Speaker Clark and Senator Stone of Missouri.

## PUBLIC BEGINNING ITS CHRISTMAS SHOPPING.

### Efforts of Consumers' League Already Being Felt in State Street Department Stores.

Miss Elsa Wertheim, secretary of the Consumers' League of Illinois, believes that the campaign of the league to arouse early Christmas shopping is taking effect. Managers of some of the State street stores assured her yesterday that the Christmas rush has begun—but so early in the season that it scarcely can be called a rush. The cool weather and the work of the Consumers' league and the stores cooperating with the league have brought out the holiday shopping.

Not only are women buying the so-called "essentials," such as scarfs, sweaters, and various other kinds of wearing apparel, but they are buying dolls and other toys.

There are thirty-nine shopping days until Christmas.

## WALES' EFFECTS AUCTIONED.

### Furniture and Personal Belongings in Oxford Rooms Sold to Aid Relief Fund.

[By Cable to The Chicago Tribune.] LONDON, Nov. 6.—Furniture and personal belongings of the Prince of Wales in his rooms at Oxford were this week auctioned in aid of the prince's relief fund and realized \$75,000. The prince conducted the auction himself, which was held in the rooms of his royal highness. Among the bidders was one of the Rothschilds, who bought three walking sticks for \$10,000.

## SHOOTS BOY IN QUARREL. WOULDN'T "MOVE ON."

### Nineteen Year Old Benjamin Gardner Tells Police They Were in Dispute Over Girl.

Benjamin Gardner of 2702 Clifton parkway walked into the South Clark street station yesterday, handed Desk Sergeant Arthur Danahy a revolver, and said he had shot a man at Halsted and Thirty-fourth streets in a quarrel over a girl. Gardner is 19 years old.

"His name is Frank Szessaki and I believe I shot him in the hip," Gardner said. "He's over at that corner some place."

Gardner was locked up. The Thirty-fifth street police ambulance surgeon already had attended Szessaki, who also is 19 years old and lives at 926 West Thirty-third street. He was wounded slightly in the hip. He said he and Gardner quarreled and Gardner told him to "move on." When he refused to go he was shot.

## REBELLION ON IN CUBA?

### Blotting Soldiers Said to Have Seized Cabana Fortress and Suburb of Havana.

[By Cable to The Chicago Tribune.] HAVANA, Nov. 6.—Rioting soldiers are reported to have seized Cabana fortress, across the bay from Havana, while another body is reported to have occupied Luyanó, a small Havana suburb. Other soldiers have abandoned the barracks and taken to the fields. The trouble is the result of recent clashes between the police and soldiers.

## FIND GIRL'S BODY IN RIVER; BRUTAL MURDER INDICATED.

### Head Beaten with Automobile Hammer, Throat Cut, and Corpse Dragged Through Woods.

La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 6.—The body of an unidentified young woman was found in the La Crosse river about two miles from this city this afternoon, she evidently having been the victim of a brutal murder.

Indications are that the young woman, who appears to have been about 20 years old, was attacked in an automobile, as her head had been beaten with an automobile hammer, which was found on the road near the river where her body was found.

The body was dragged about 300 feet through the woods after the attack and was thrown into the river, where it was later found, with the throat cut.

## FIRE PERILS STOCKYARDS.

### Kansas City Institution in Danger of Destruction from Blaze Starting in a Pen.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 6.—Fire which started in one of the pens of the local stockyards and within a few feet of the live stock exchange building, late tonight threatened to destroy the entire yards.

In twenty minutes two square blocks of cattle pens had been burned and the fire was spreading rapidly.

About 10,000 head of cattle were released and turned into alleys in an attempt to drive them into sheep pens out of range of the flames. The animals stampeded, racing through the west bound street.

# TSING-TAU FORTS FALL; GERMANS OUT OF EAST

## Sea Battle Off Coast of Chile Is Raging Anew

### Private Messages Say Japanese Vessels Have Joined Fight.

## BRITISH ADMIT LOSS

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 6.—That the naval battle off the coast of Chile, the first engagement of which last Sunday proved so disastrous to the British, has been renewed is indicated in private advices today to prominent British shipping agents here from their correspondents in Valparaiso.

The messages assert that British, German, and Japanese warships now are engaged in battle. No details are given, however.

The press dispatches telling of last Sunday's sea fight are confirmed in today's messages.

The German ships, Scharnhorst, Nürnberg, Leipzig, and Dresden were the German ships engaged. The British cruiser Monmouth was sunk, the cruiser Good Hope set afire, and the cruiser Glasgow partially wrecked. The Otranto escaped.

## London Admits Losses.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.] LONDON, Nov. 6.—The loss of the British cruiser Good Hope was officially announced today in a statement issued by the admiralty, which said that the cruiser foundered in the recent engagement with the German squadron off the coast of Chile.

The cruiser Monmouth, which the unofficial reports from German sources said had been sunk, was beached, according to the admiralty's statement.

The British battleship Canopus, which had been sent to join the cruisers on the Pacific station, was not at the scene of the action.

## Chile Reports Warship Ashore.

The Chilean government in a statement issued here tonight says a warship is ashore on Cape Carranza, and that it is possible it is one of the combatants in the battle between the Germans and British off Chile last Sunday. It adds that the Chilean government will send aid to the stranded vessel.

The statement detailed at length the measures Chile had taken to preserve strict neutrality in the war.

A dispatch to the Central News from Lima, Peru, says that the Glasgow has arrived at Puerto Monte, Chile.

## Rear Admiral Craddock Lost.

The Good Hope was Rear Admiral Sir Christopher Craddock's flagship, which foundered after being set on fire by shells from German warships in the naval battle that took place off the Chilean coast last Sunday.

The British cruiser Monmouth, which the German sources said had been sunk, was badly damaged, and it is possible that it is the warship which was reported today to be ashore on the coast of Chile. So far as is known none of the Good Hope's crew survived, not even Rear Admiral Craddock.

## Rear Admiral Craddock Was in Charge of the British Fleet in Mexican Waters at the Time the American Marines Occupied Vera Cruz. He was 52 years old.

Sir Christopher had a distinguished record and received many honors and decorations. During the Sudan campaign in 1891 he served in the British army, and also saw service in China in 1900. His gallantry at Taku earned him promotion to a captaincy.

During 1894-96 Sir Christopher was commander of the king's yacht. He served as aide-de-camp to the king in 1900, and became a rear admiral in 1910.

## British Steamers Seized.

The British steamer Italia of the Anchor line, bound from New York to Mediterranean ports, has been detained at Gibraltar. The authorities there state that the Italia has contraband of war aboard.

The Exchange Telegraph company has given out a dispatch from its Liverpool correspondent saying that the Turks have seized the British steamers Asiatic and City of Khirbat Smyrna.

## German Mines Wreck Own Ships.

COPENHAGEN, via London, Nov. 6.—A large German steamer has been blown up south of the Danish island of Langeland in the Great Belt, by a mine said to have been placed by the Germans. A number of the crew were lost.

During the past fortnight two large German trawlers and one German steamer have been destroyed in this region.

## COCHISE REACHES BOSTON.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 6.—Under protection of two torpedo boat destroyers of the United States navy, the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie steamed into this port late today after a thirteen hour run from Bar Harbor, Me. An agreement during the day was post-pone a hearing on the principal suit against the steamship company until Nov. 20. It had been set for today.

## Kaiser Is Driven from Orient After Long Struggle.

## REVENGE FOR JAPAN

TOKIO, Nov. 7, 10 a. m.—It is officially announced that the German fortress of Tsing-Tau has surrendered to the Japanese and British forces.

The announcement states that the first step in bringing about the surrender of the fortress occurred at midnight, when the infantry charged and occupied the middle fort of the line of defense. In this operation they took 200 prisoners.

## Releases Allied Fleet.

The greatest advance which will come to the allies by the fall of Tsing-Tau will be the release of the fleets now before that stronghold. They will be freed to take part in naval activity in other seas.

It has been announced that the release of these vessels will be followed by an active campaign to drive the German cruisers which have been raiding shipping in all parts of the world from the high seas. It is not known whether the first action will be against the Germans now off the west coast of South America or the Karlsruhe and other raiders in the Indian ocean.

## Ends Picturesque Struggle.

The fall of Tsing-Tau ends the most picturesque of the minor phases of the great world war now raging. On two continents and in many of the islands of the seas, where colonies of the warring nations were planted, combats of more or less interest have taken place, garrisons have been captured, and towns occupied peacefully, but in the little German concession on the south side of the Shan Tung peninsula of China there has been going on since late in August a reduced scale of war that from all accounts has duplicated nearly all the features of those battles in Europe that have resulted in the capture of fortified positions.

## Guests Germany from Asia.

The capture of Tsing-Tau loses to Germany her last foot of possessions on the Asiatic mainland, as well as her last strategic position outside of the German empire in Europe.

For nearly three months the little German garrison, amounting to about 7,000 men and nearly wholly composed of reservists who were living or doing business in China, has held out against the land and sea attacks of the Japanese and of certain British detachments of both white and Indian troops that found themselves in China at the outbreak of the war.

## Allies' Losses Heavy.

What the losses of the garrison have been are not known, but the official Japanese and British reports indicate that Tsing-Tau has been taken at heavy cost of men on the part of the allies.

It was on Aug. 16 that Japan threw herself into the European war as an ally of Great Britain after demanding that Germany withdraw or intern all German warships in Asiatic waters and relinquish possession of Kiau-Chau. In the statement from Tokio that accompanied this demand Japan asserted her intentions were purely military and did not contemplate the retention of one foot of ground on Chinese territory and later affirmed that she did not intend to extend her holdings in the islands of the Pacific that might fall into her possession during the campaign.

## Japan Ultimatum Ignored.

Her demands ignored, when the ultimatum expired a week later, Japan proceeded cautiously with plans to seize the German settlement on the Chinese mainland.

The operations in this isolated far-eastern theater of the war have been reduced to a scale of some 200 square miles, as compared with the whole continent of Europe, but on that account they have been none the less interesting. Aerial warfare and other accomplishments of modern warfare have figured in both the Japanese and German operations.

The strength of the attacking force as compared with the little garrison of some 7,000 men and the few German vessels at Kiau-Chau was so disproportionate that at the beginning of the campaign it was taken for granted the German possession soon would fall.

## Defenders Proved Valiant.

The surprise was that so small a force was able to hold out so long and inflict a considerable loss both to the land and naval forces of the allies. Reports from various sources placed together indicate that the allies' loss around Kiau-Chau has been upwards of 3,000 men and several second rate warships.

The details of the movements have been secret, but the first general operation undertaken by the Japanese was the sweeping of the waters around Kiau-Chau for mines which the Germans had laid. In this connection a hundred Japanese women shell divers offered their services, thinking that they, unseen by the enemy, could dive and release the mines. But the offer was declined, since the Japanese law prohibited the employment of women in warlike operations. During the mine sweeping campaign at







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Chicago Tribune.]  
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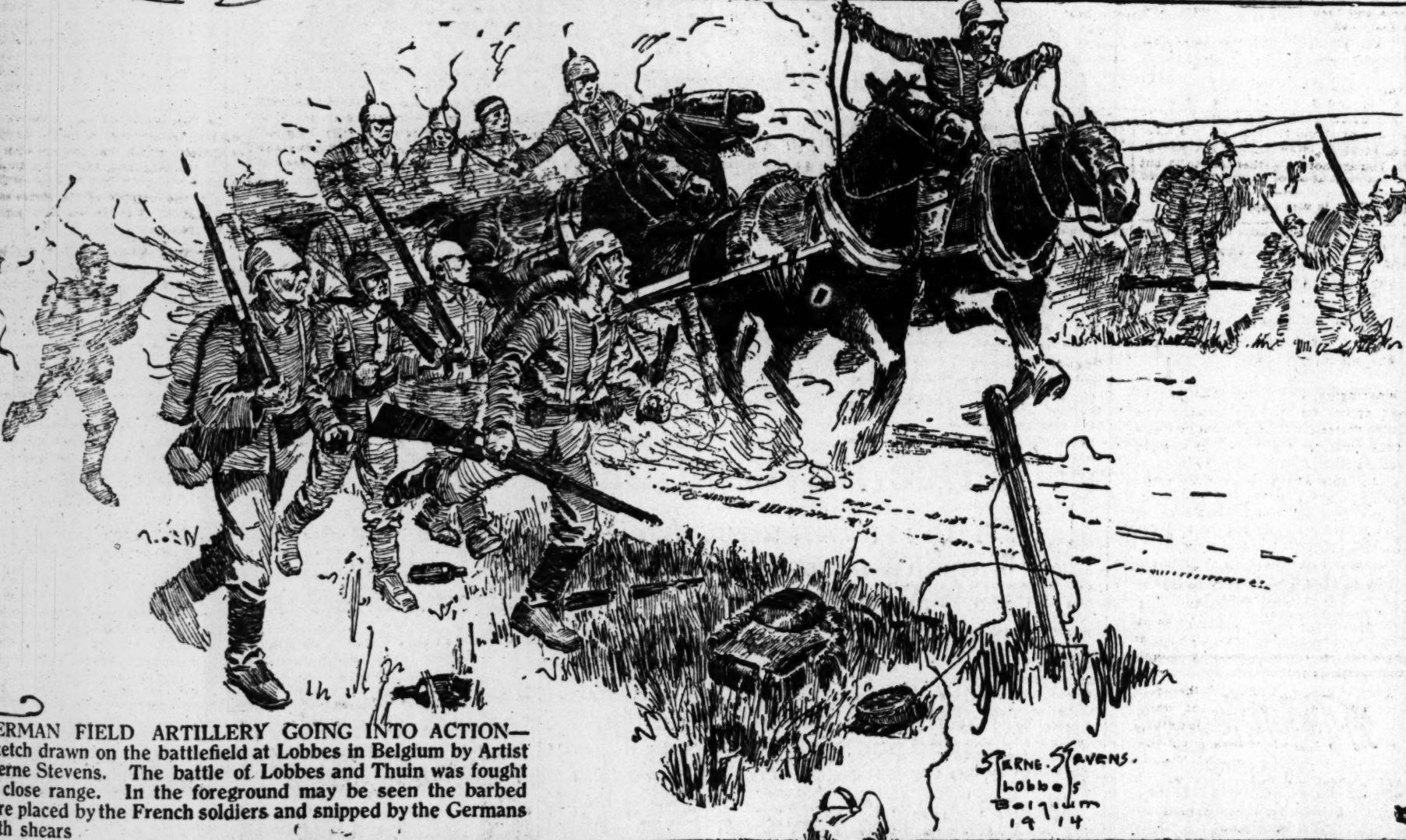
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# Scenes from the European Battle Lines.



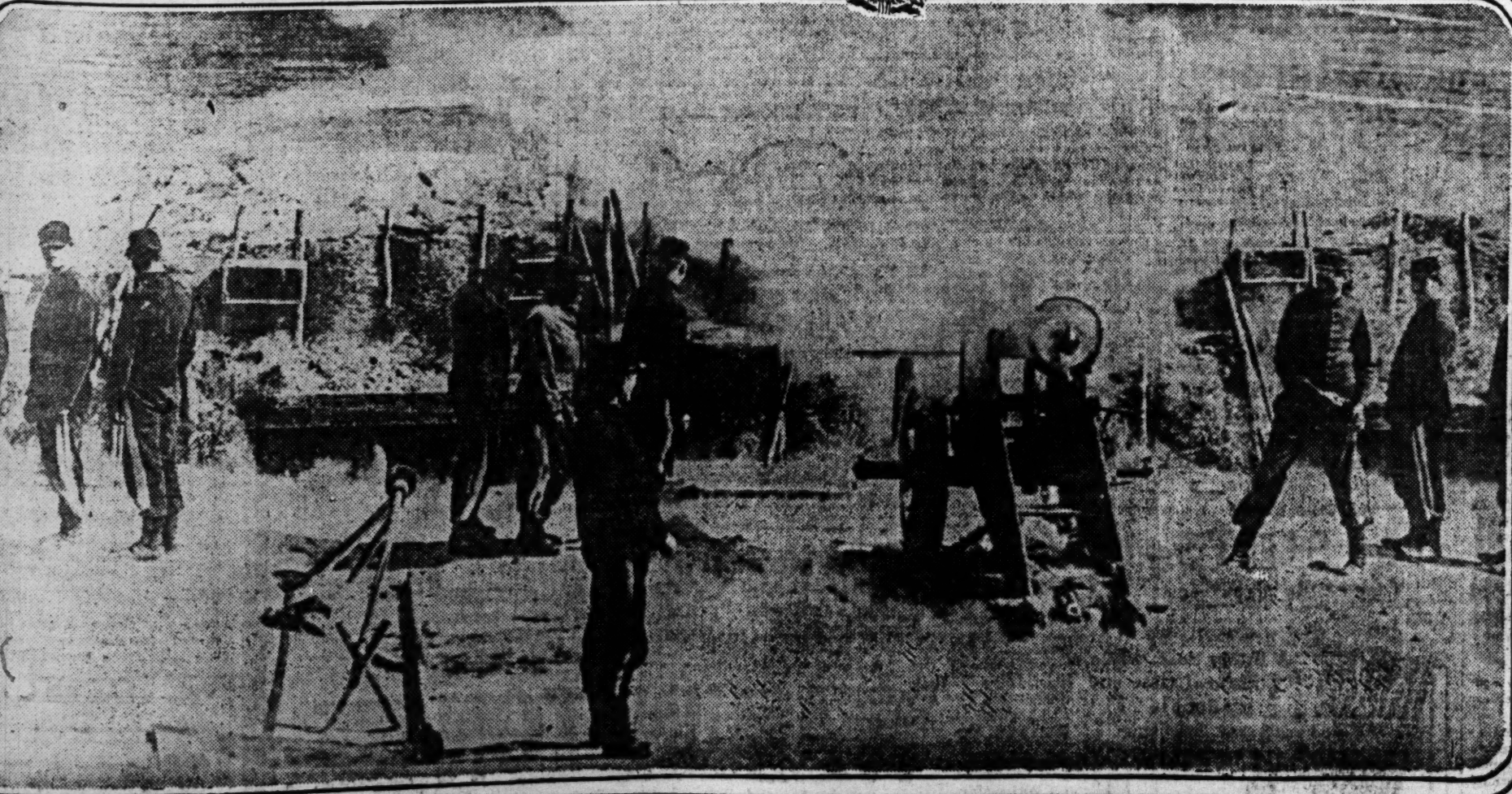
**WORK FOR THE GERMAN RED CROSS**  
Ambulance corps are seen gathering up the dead and wounded who fell at Peronne. Hundreds were slain in this engagement.



**GERMAN FIELD ARTILLERY GOING INTO ACTION**—Sketch drawn on the battlefield at Lobbes in Belgium by Artist Sterne Stevens. The battle of Lobbes and Thuin was fought at close range. In the foreground may be seen the barbed wire placed by the French soldiers and snipped by the Germans with shears.



**AN ALLY FROM THE JUNGLE**—British soldiers feeding the baboon mascot of the Royal Engineers off for the front with his regiment. Probably his last meal of peanuts until the war is over.



**FRENCH ARTILLERY IN ACTION**—This picture, which was taken in a trench near Arras, gives an idea of the great distance at which modern battles are waged. The shells from this gun were dropped miles away. The gunners had not sighted a single German soldier.



**BATTLE LINE IN THE EAST**—Russians continue to report successes in East Prussia and Poland. Jaroslau, near Przemyel, has been recaptured and Austrians driven from the San river. Germans in Poland have been forced back to the Warthe river.



## U. S. WAR CHIEFS TO URGE BETTER ARMY AND NAVY

Garrison and Daniels Will Ask  
for More Submarines and  
Soldiers.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.—Both Secretary Garrison and Secretary Daniels will lay before congress in their annual reports some of the lessons which they believe the army and navy of the United States should draw from the war in Europe.

No extraordinary expenditures have been asked for by either the war or navy departments in the annual estimates already filed with the appropriation committee of congress, but the two cabinet heads will discuss in great detail the best methods of obtaining a mobile and adequate army and powerful and efficient fleet.

Secretary Garrison will endeavor to concentrate the attention of congress and the country on the necessity for a definite national military policy, extending over a period of years. Secretary Daniels will recommend two battleships, but probably will ask congress to give the navy authority, as it did last year, to expend a lump sum for submarines without fixing the number.

**Submarines in Limelight.**  
The spectacular raids of submarines in the European war have drawn attention to the fact that last year congress appropriated an aggregate of more than \$4,000,000 for the building of submarines, and specified that one of these should be a seagoing vessel, practically twice the size of those used in coast patrol.

Such a submarine, according to the explanation made by naval officers at the time to congress, will be the largest and most powerful in the world, able to accompany the fleet everywhere.

European submarines have been able to make only comparatively short voyages from their bases, and the great cruiser submarine planned by American naval officers, bids for which are soon to be opened, will eclipse anything of the kind seen in the present war.

There is every likelihood that Secretary Daniels will ask for money enough to provide a second submarine of the seagoing type, and the usual number—seven or eight—smaller submarines for coast and harbor defense.

**Warship Plan Unchanged.**  
While the submarines have attracted most attention, the naval strategists, with whom Secretary Daniels is conferring in the preparation of his annual report, do not believe there should be any change in the plans set forth by the general board several years ago in the program of two battleships a year, and a proportionate number of auxiliaries and submarines.

It is conceded among naval men, however, that congress, with the importance of the submarine impressed on the world, will discuss the advisability of using the appropriation ordinarily made for a single battleship for the building of twenty-eight new submarines. By sacrificing one battleship the American navy could at one stroke step almost alongside England and France in submarine strength.

**Will Ask More Soldiers.**  
Secretary Garrison will urge congress to provide for a material increase in the army. Without making any specific recommendations as to how many troops should be added, the secretary will point out the importance of increasing the strength at the present time. He has satisfied himself as to this necessity after a careful study of the needs of the garisons at Hawaii, the Canal Zone, and the Philippines.

If congress appropriates the funds they will be applied particularly to recruiting several more infantry regiments, to increasing the number of field artillery guns and troops, and to increasing the coast artillery forces. Also the largest part of the funds undoubtedly will be devoted to organizing an efficient reserve corps.

The plans of the general staff demand 600,000 trained men to repel invasion by an army of any of the first class powers. At the present time the United States has about 25,000 field troops available for this work. If all are concentrated, they are so assigned now, however, that only about one-fifth of this number could be used without abandoning other highly important work.

## Rogers Peet Company Young Men's Smart Winter Overcoats

yet devoid of anything freakish. For general business wear he naturally prefers the rough fabrics, cut loose and full, with raglan shoulders—we've plenty of them. For dressier occasions, more shapely coats are in demand; some with very pointed lapels and velvet collars.

"Scotch Mists" being rain-proof Scotch Cheviots, they're smart, rain or shine.

ANDERSON & BROTHERS  
104 W. Madison Street

## Louvain Grotes, as if Waking from Dream; Populace Dull by Tragedy of Belgian City

BY JAMES O'DONNELL BENNETT

[War Correspondent of The Tribune.]

LOUVAIN, Belgium, Oct. 17.—In front of the railway stations at Louvain is a bit of ornamental garden, surrounded by a low fence of stone and iron. The length of the garden is perhaps 200 feet, the width 150. On the side of it which commands the appalling stretch of desolation extending from the station straight to the exquiste Hotel de Ville rises Charles Geefs' proud bronze of Sylvain van de Weyer.

That patriot and statesman was a native of Louvain and one of the leaders in the revolution of 1830, which established the independence of Belgium. He died full of years and honors in 1874.

Today in effigy he surveys one of the saddest sights in Christendom.

**Scores of Houses Unroofed.**  
The long Rue de la Station is bordered by scores of houses which stand open to the sky. Here and there a shattered door lies flat on the ground, giving evidence of violent entry before the house was fired.

In another house the destruction has been only partial. The arrangements of one floor are quite intact and on a shelf in a bedroom you see an array of children's toys—something woolly and comical, like a Teddy bear, and little railway cars of gaudy painted tin. Those trifles of the nursery are unscathed.

Further on are the gaunt ruins of an ancient edifice. Only broken walls remain. Books of vellum, bronzes, carvings in stone all have vanished in a night.

The inheritance come down from a remote antiquity is no more; the toys of a child stand unharmed on the shelf in the nursery. Some day the child will come home and will be pleased.

**People Dull by Tragedy.**  
Sad-eyed people move along the wide street, some listlessly, like persons who still walk in a dream, some with a furtive eagerness, as if they were wishing to reach a destination in a town that seems to have no more share in the normal activities of life—a town without meeting places, without hours, without aims or business in the world; a town groping its way through ruins out of a dreadful nightmare; a town not asleep and yet not awake; a dumb, wondering town, fearful to take account of its own sensations.

A woman dressed in black passes. A little boy runs by her side. She looks up with an expectant eye, like a person in a daze who would welcome a reassuring word.

**Women Accept Tragedy Calmly.**  
One addresses to her a greeting in French. She responds volubly. She is a widow. Her husband was killed in the uprising against the Germans. This boy by her side and this neat black dress she wears are all she has left in the world.

She does not seem resentful. There is not a tear, not a word of lamentation. She is speaking in a curiously equable tone that you realize is curiously when

you make yourself measure the extent of the tragic facts she is imparting—husband, house, belongings, all gone. Only this boy by her side and the black frock remaining.

You begin to marvel at her tone. Level as it is, it conveys incredible grief. You find the desolate widow almost child. You bid her good-by and wander back through ruin, domestic and public, to the little garden in front of the railway station.

**Invaders Leave Desolation Behind.**  
Here orderly beds of geraniums and verbenas once made the place pleasant. These have been almost obliterated by the tramp of many feet and there are spots where all the greenward has been ground into dust.

Tall palms springing from vases sunk in the earth used to stand sentinel around the garden. Great fronds have been broken off to serve more somber purposes of decoration. The garden is now a grave.

At the base of the statue of the patriot Van de Weyer a mound has been hastily shaped, as children might do such work, and on the mound a small German flag has been planted. Fluttering beneath the patriot's monument, this token of the invader seems a meager thing; yet it has changed the course of the history he helped to make.

**German Graves Near Monument.**  
Behind the monument are new made graves—roughly shaped mounds, sodded, unseemly, but given a piteous tenderness by the hurried efforts to decorate them. These are not single graves, but trenches in which lie many men. Already the exact number has been forgotten.

Some German soldiers of the Louvain garrison say that 200 of their comrades lie here; an officer standing near says no, not so many—perhaps 100. Another remarks, "I think about 175."

Over each mound have been strewn branches broken from the palms in the huge vases. On smaller mounds, which give some evidence of individuality, are crosses fashioned from each cross hangs a German helmet, its varnished outside and its metal ornaments still fresh and bright.

**Crosses Bear Brief Inscription.**  
On the arms of the cross have been scrawled the words:

HIER RUHT IN GOTT.

and then the name of the soldier thus briefly commemorated, together with the number of his company, regiment, and army corps.

For some of the graves the tired hands of nurses or the awkward ones of soldiers have woven pathetic wreaths from the verbenas that once made the place so fragrant and so bright. To others the geraniums that bordered the garden have been transplanted. They are blooming wanly in the freshly turned sod.

It is not so much the number of the dead, who lie sleeping in this little space that makes the heart ache; it is the pitifully extemporized attempts to memorialize and consecrate their graves—the crosses of

lath, the inscriptions in lead pencil and chalk, the withered palms, the wreaths of geraniums, the helmeted heads that once covered devoted heads.

**Scenes Dull Sensibilities.**  
The observer whose sensibilities are even more than ordinarily acute will find himself passing without conscious emotion through many heavy days of the war scenes which war has laid upon Belgium and France.

Through crowded railway stations the weary trains of wounded crawl, and the sight inflicts no pang any more. The anxious cries of disheveled prisoners peer out from the doorways of freight cars, and your only thought may be, "Are there any English among them, I wonder?"

Streeters are borne softly by. You lift your hat. That is all. The rumble of an artillery duel comes to you from across a valley and you only speculate as to whether those are 22 or 30 centimeter guns.

**Hospital Scene of Pathos.**  
Down a long, paved corridor of a French public school which has been turned into a military hospital comes the wall of a man crying. "Mutter! Mutter! Mutter!" over and over again. A sergeant paces up and down the corridor.

"He is coming out of the ether," says the sergeant. "That is all. There is no more there. You are vaguely sorry. For the moment you cannot summon more. The mind ceases to be in such a test-tube condition. It is a condition of pain, delirium. Often and often you think and talk of the common affairs of life—of letters from home, of what newspaper is saying, of a celebrity who was one time right before you, of something good to eat, or of a good place to sleep in prospect. You even laugh over a story. There is salvation in that. And you are not ashamed to laugh."

**Observer Grieved by Tragedy.**  
Suddenly, in an unguarded moment, the meaning and the tragedy of it all grip a man. He sees a pale nurse bending over a soldier who is trying for shame's sake and for the woman's sake not to moan as she strips the blackened bandages away from his shattered arm. Or it was the general prediction of miners that there will be no clash between the strikers and soldiers, unless nonunion men are brought in to operate mine No. 4.

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## U. S. TROOPS CAMP IN STRIKE ZONE

Two More Buildings Near  
Arkansas Mines Burned  
Before They Arrive.

GRAND JURY CONVENES.

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 6.—United States troops tonight pitched camp in the quiet village of Prairie Creek, the heart of the Hartford valley coal mining region, without attracting more attention than they would have on parade at Fort Sheridan, Ill. The few miners and inhabitants left in the neighborhood looked on in idle curiosity as the soldiers took possession.

The burning of two large stores at Hartford, three miles from Prairie Creek, early today, alleged to have been the work of strike sympathizers, was the final overt act prior to arrival of the troops. The loss was estimated at \$50,000.

**Charges Special Grand Jury.**  
At Fort Smith little excitement attended the sitting of the United States court when Judge Frank Youmans charged the special grand jury called to investigate recent disorders. About twenty witnesses were examined during the day's session. Tomorrow the jury will adjourn for a week, as federal officials of the district will be engaged next week in holding court at Texarkana, Ark.

Maj. Nathaniel Moore, in command of the troops, said tonight the present campsite at Prairie Creek was only temporary. To obtain a better water supply, it is thought advisable to move nearer the Basche-Dennan mine, the center of the disturbances.

**Insist There Is No Strike.**  
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## CHICAGO IRISH JOIN IN PROTEST WITH GERMANS.

Plan Meetings to Con-  
demn Exportation of  
Contraband.

GRAND JURY CONVENES.

German and Irish citizens of Chicago will hold two large demonstrations Dec. 1 in Orchestra hall and the North Side Turner hall in condemnation of the exportation of contraband articles of war from the United States to the belligerent nations of Europe.

Among the Germans appointed to make arrangements for the meetings are Horace L. Brand, editor of the Illinois State Zeitung, O. H. Hammett, Peter Elert, H. Leders, and Albert N. May. Irishmen identified with the movement are James T. Clarke, president of the United Irish Societies of Chicago; James O'Donnell, Francis E. O'Callaghan, P. H. O'Donnell, Judge Joseph E. Ryan, Michael Harnett, Joseph Fogarty, Thomas P. Bonfield, and James L. Dwyer.

It is the object of the demonstrations to urge the passage of laws for the prohibition of peace by the prohibition of exportation from the United States of all contraband, except foodstuffs. The meetings are called "in the name of mercy and humanity" on the theory that to stop the supply of contraband will bring the war to an earlier close.

Invitations to speak at the demonstrations have been sent to Hugo Munsterberg of Harvard university, Congressman Richard Bartholdt of St. Louis, Henry Volmer of Davenport, Ia.; Senator George Chamberlain of Oregon, Michael J. Ryan of Philadelphia, and James Larkin, the Irish labor leader of Dublin, who is now in New York.

**\$1,500,000 FOR HEINZE HEIR.**  
Estate Has Face Value of \$10,000,000, but Most of It Goes to Settle Claims.

New York, Nov. 6.—[Special.]—An estimate of \$10,000,000 as the value of the estate of F. Augustus Heinze was made today by a person conversant with his property; but it is understood that this figure represents the face value of the assets of the estate, and that litigation and other claims will reduce the amount. It is not believed that the net estate will amount to more than \$1,500,000, which will go to the infant son, F. Augustus Heinze Jr.

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## U. S. NAVY TESTS DEADLIEST GUN

New 16 Inch Rifle Is Largest  
and Most Powerful  
Ever Designed.

SHOOTS FIFTEEN MILES.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.—The largest and most powerful naval gun ever designed has just been completed for the United States navy. It is a sixteen inch rifle, which has been constructed at the Washington navy yard and is being put through tests at the Indian Head proving grounds on the Potomac below this city.

If the new weapon proves to be a success it will be adopted as the type of gun for the main battery of the three dreadnaughts authorized at the last session of congress. The largest weapons now used in the American navy are the fourteen inch guns carried by the dreadnaughts. The newest battleships of the British navy carry fifteen inch rifles, eight of them in four turrets.

It is claimed the sixteen inch gun will have a range of fifteen miles and at least twice the penetrating power of the famous German howitzers which have played such havoc with the modern fortifications of Belgium and France. The howitzers are 16.554 inch weapons.

**Urges Dirigible Model.**  
New York, Nov. 6.—[Special.]—A complete plan for a war dirigible, built in this country and from American materials, has been completed by Capt. Thomas S. Baldwin, veteran airman and constructor. A six foot scale model has been made and will be taken to Washington next week for a series of tests in the aerodynamical laboratory connected with the Smithsonian institution.

The new craft, as devised by Capt. Baldwin, will be 187 feet long and twenty-eight feet in diameter. Besides its own weight, it will be capable of carrying seven men and more than half a ton of explosives. It will be equipped with wireless apparatus.

**Unlike Other Craft.**  
The name of the new type will be "B 10," and while it is not a copy of any foreign type, the envelope resembles that of a Paravel and the car that of the Zodiac type. It will be nonrigid and the principal load will be carried at the center of gravity. This will permit the dropping of any quantity of explosive without affecting the balance of the ship.

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CHICAGO LEADS  
WORLD IN FIGHT  
ON SOCIAL EVIL

Admiral Nance in Geiger  
Report to Mayor on Vice  
Conditions Abroad.

"There is no large city in the world that has made such successful strides for reform in recent years."

This favorable verdict for Chicago because of its battle against the social evil was returned yesterday by admirals who were here last summer to study the problem of the problem in European capitals. They were Adm. Willis O. Nance, chairman of the health committee, who made the journey for this purpose alone, and Adm. Ellis Geiger, chairman of the committee on the health of the city, who was asked to keep an eye on this question while investigating other subjects.

Adm. Nance presented to the mayor the results of his observations in a report signed also by Adm. Geiger. The conclusion was that Chicago has little to learn from foreign cities, that it is waging its own fight in a manner of which it can be proud, and that the fight must be continued with renewed force.

Here Are Some of Findings.

Some of the findings and recommendations of the investigators: The citizens who extol the methods of control in vogue in the large cities of Europe as a rule, not conversant with true conditions there.

Chicago must not return to her former policy of allowing houses of ill fame to operate.

The present policy of suppression must be actively carried out.

The city should arrange for the establishment of an industrial farm, where fallen women may be sent to receive medical attention, moral enlightenment, and industrial training and surroundings conducive to health and reformation.

The municipality should encourage every way campaigns of moral and hygienic education and should exercise a stricter supervision over housing conditions, dance halls, and the care of the feeble minded and delinquent.

Suppression must not be allowed to constitute oppression. Fines and repeated fines will avail little. The women should be given a new chance and a fresh start in life.

At all times it must be remembered "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." Means for the prevention of prostitution should be given careful consideration and study by municipal officials generally.

Dr. Nance's Description.

Dr. Nance's description of conditions in the different cities the Chicago party visited read as follows:

"In Britain the policy of segregation of prostitution has been abandoned and of recent years the system of regulation has been done away with. Under the British law prostitution is not an offense, but public solicitation by women is illegal. Keepers of houses of ill fame are fined or imprisoned, as are procurers and сутенеры."

"In Liverpool, a city of 800,000 people, the policy of repression has been followed for several years. Brothels have been prohibited since 1880. Supervision of the morals of the city is vested in a committee of the city council known as the 'watch committee.' When a complaint is made concerning the character of a house the proprietress is summoned into court."

Police Raids Unknown.

"Police raids are unknown. The keeper of the suspected house is served with a summons, and she is obliged to appear in court the following morning when the case is heard. The inmates may also be summoned as witnesses. No direct arrests are made and thereby the bondsmen's graft is eliminated. If guilt is proven, a severe fine is imposed or a sentence of six months in the county jail. Several hundred disorderly women were apprehended in Liverpool last year. The chief of police has been on the force twenty years. He is subject solely to the majority of the watch committee and his actions and orders are effective without council or other approval. He initiates any crusade that he deems desirable and carries it out with a free hand. Street soliciting in Liverpool appeared to be exceptionally good and order and decency seemed to prevail."

In Manchester the acting chief of police expressed himself as fairly well satisfied with the present vice conditions, like those in Liverpool, which were a decided improvement, he assured me, over those under the former system of 'regulation.'"

No Segregation in London.

"London, like other English cities, has no segregated district or recognized brothels. There is no so-called police or military regulation. The policy of the municipal administration aims at suppression, or at least repression. Street conditions appear to be much less satisfactory than in either Liverpool or Manchester."

On crowded thoroughfares in the business or theater district at night one can

see a large number of women who are

seen in the streets of London.

Some of these facts were:

Berlin—Houses of ill fame prohibited since 1844. Police inspection prac-

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tical.

## Counterfeiters' Plant Seized by Secret Service Men.



Secret service officials last evening raided a coffee house at 810 Blue Island avenue and arrested Milhades Sackos, a Greek, alleged to be the leader of a gang of counterfeiters. Four additional members of the gang were arrested at various times during the last two weeks. They are Constantinos N. Trygonis, Nicholas and David Spanos, brothers, and Jose Gonzalez, a Mexican Indian. The raid was led by Capt. Thomas I. Porter, head of the Chicago secret service office. Trygonis accompanied the federal

officials as a "stool." Sackos was playing cards with a number of acquaintances when the federal men entered. Parts of their counterfeit plant were seized in Milwaukee and brought to Chicago by Capt. Porter. Additional counterfeit material and \$300 in spurious coin were found in west side houses. The alleged coiners are said to have manufactured and passed counterfeit money in Los Angeles, San Francisco, Denver, and worked their way to Chicago and Milwaukee.

go but a short distance without encountering the demi-monde. In certain main halls they abound and make no attempt to hide their calling. On certain streets just off some important thoroughfares and in some arcades they openly solicit. They not only conduct their business at night but in the day time as well.

In the districts surrounding Lakeview square and Piccadilly circus it seems to be the policy of the police to keep those who openly solicit off the main streets as much as possible, but on certain of the side streets little attention is paid to them. If a patron is secured, he is usually taken to the woman's apartment.

The enforcement of the laws appears weak, with the natural resultant unsatisfactory conditions.

In Regulated Purpose.

"Several days were spent in investigation of conditions in Paris. The prefect of police assigned a lieutenant to the writer to assist him in every way possible. Paris is one of the European cities that still attempts to 'regulate' prostitution. Vice is tolerated, recognized, and regulated, but not officially licensed. There is no segregated district, but thirty-four houses of ill fame are officially known to the police. In addition, 248 hotels used for purposes of prostitution are on the police lists. The number of brothels has not increased of recent years, according to the police."

"Women of the street are expected to register with the police. Six thousand are on the books at the present time. A conservative estimate of the total number of professional prostitutes would probably be not far from 50,000. There is no law in France which prohibits prostitution."

"Regulation" of prostitution by police and medical control in Paris appears to have no sane argument in its favor. Street conditions are abominable. Many brothels are show places for the young and unsophisticated.

Brussels Licenses Vice.

"Brussels not only officially recognizes prostitution, but licenses houses of ill fame. The houses are divided into three classes and the monthly license fees vary from \$5 to \$20 per month. There is no segregated district in Brussels, the brothels being located in various parts of town."

Inmates of the places must submit to medical examination at stated periods. "Glasgow has abolished houses of prostitution. Street soliciting is prohibited by law and street conditions are better by far than in London."

Glasgow was the last city investigated, for two days later the Chicago invaders left London on the first boat they could find after the war assumed gigantic proportions. But Adm. Nance appended a large amount of information he had gathered from authoritative sources concerning other cities.

Some of these facts were:

Berlin—Houses of ill fame prohibited since 1844. Police inspection prac-

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SHOW ASSESSOR  
HELPED CUT OUT  
\$80,000,000 TAX

Hoynes Aids Open Fight to Ex-  
pose Wealthy Favored Cit-  
izens of Chicago.

An expose of thousands of "tax dodgers" in Cook county was begun yesterday in the County court by four assistants to State's Attorney Hoynes. The evidence collected by accountants for six months is said to point out more than 15,000 persons who have evaded payment of taxes during the last three years and may involve members of the board of assessors.

Cook county has been cheated out of almost \$100,000,000 in taxes, it is charged, in the last six years, during which time the practice of "tax dodging" has largely grown.

What Hearing Shows.

The state's attorney's first step was to seek permission to file a criminal information in the County court by which hundreds of wealthy and prominent Chicagoans will be haled into court and subjected to the possibility of indictment by the grand jury. This preliminary during the day brought out the following points:

Large assessments were entered by the field assessors and striken off the books by the members of the board of assessors at the request of those assessed and without any verification of their statements as to the actual value of the property.

Assessments were raised by the board of review over the figures placed by the assessors, and in the following year the assessment would be left off the books entirely by the assessors.

Business houses were entered on the assessors' books as being "out of business" and nonassessable, when investigation disclosed they were doing business as always.

Little red check marks or numbers designating the several members of the assessors' board were used to strike off assessments by the wholesale.

\$80,000,000 Lost to People.

Assistant State's Attorney Hayden N. Bell said the county lost 40 per cent of its possible taxes through the wholesale slaughter of the assessments of men well to do. Since 1910, when the taxes assessed were \$43,902,878, to 1915, when they were \$58,379,142, it is estimated that the county has lost the huge sum of \$80,000,000. Charles Krutchoff, assistant chief

clerk of the assessors, was the first witness. The case of the L. Fish Furniture company's store at 822 West Sixty-third street was typical of the cases he testified about. He said the books showed that in 1913 a field assessor had placed the valuation of the property at \$104,550. Later this valuation had been disregarded when Isaac Fish, manager of the company, brought in a sworn statement that the property was worth only \$5,000. On this small valuation the company paid taxes.

\$1,000,000 Vender Estate \$6,000.

An assessment of \$236,000 on the Continental Clothing company, placed by the field worker, subsequently was reduced to \$27,000 at the company's request. The estate of the late Albert H. Vender, an attorney, was probated at \$1,028,750, yet the assessors' records show that last year he paid taxes on only \$5,000. Similarly it was charged that the late Darius Miller, president of the Burlington railroad, was worth \$188,158, while he paid taxes on but \$5,000.

"How about this assessment on the property of Walden Shaw, the taxicab man, at his home, 4890 Woodlawn avenue," asked Assistant State's Attorney Henry A. Berger. "In 1912 he was assessed at \$3,000. In 1913 the field man's report showed the property to be worth at least \$5,700, and Assessor Wolf cut the amount to \$5,000. In 1914 the field assessor and Wolf Bros. grocers at 1863 Madison street, he said he had found out that the companies were still doing business."

Other instances testified to were:

George D. Clough & Co., print-  
ers, 1212 N. Dearborn street, assessed at \$22,000.  
Upde-Pale Import company, 2643  
Ligon avenue, assessed at 10,150.  
Deinart Furniture company, 2643  
West North avenue, assessed at 25,100.  
A. C. Wild, 4546 Grand boulevard, assessed at 10,700.  
F. C. Parker, 4845 Oakwood  
avenue, assessed at 1,300.  
Edward J. Brachendorf, 4845  
grocer, 4610 Michigan avenue, assessed at 2,700.  
Barfield Gardens, 8800 West Madison street, assessed at 8,500.

Severely five jurors, who completed two weeks of service in Judge Brachendorf's court yesterday, adopted resolutions forming the "Brachendorf club." The club members pledged their support to Judge Brachendorf should he run for reelection.

Chance for Merit Secretary.

The civil service commission announced yesterday the examination for the position of secretary of the civil service commission recently placed on the classified list will be held on Dec. 8. The position, which pays \$5,000 a year, has always been considered one for political appointment until recently, when Mayor Harrison insisted the position be placed on the classified list.

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THREE TOILERS  
ARE KILLED BY  
A LIVE WIRE.

Railroad Section Hands  
Electrocuted While  
at Work.

Workmen employed by the Illinois Central railroad were unloading rails from a flat car on a bridge spanning the drainage canal at Kedzie avenue yesterday. A highly charged feed wire of the sanitary district crosses the tracks at this point. Three men were standing a rail which was being raised by a derrick on the car, when the top of the derrick touched the wire.

There was a flash of fire, a blue flame spurted down the derrick chain and along the rail, and the three men were catapulted to the tracks by 40,000 volts of electricity. Their bodies were thrown several feet up in the air before they fell, and they were crushed against the rails.

Oxygen Machines Used.

Three oxygen machines were summoned, and physicians worked over the men for an hour in a vain effort to resuscitate them, despite the fact that there were no signs of life when the doctors arrived.

The dead:

John McGovern of 7154 St. Lawrence avenue.  
Patrick Harvey of 6518 Dorchester avenue.  
John Anderson of 9841 Lyons avenue.

Hands Are Burned.

The only burns found on the bodies were on the hands. There were bruises and cuts where the men had been hurled against the rails on the bridge. Fellow workmen told the police they did not notice the low hanging wire and were unaware of its presence until they saw the burst of blue flame and the bodies of the men flying from the car.

GOLD STAR WILLED NEPHEW.

Mrs. A. J. Brachendorf Bequeaths Husband's Aldermanic Insignia When Disposing of \$12,500.

"I bequeath the gold star set with diamonds, presented to my husband, Anton J. Brachendorf, when an alderman, to Nicholas Brachendorf, his nephew." In this manner Mrs. Helen Brachendorf begins her will, which was admitted to probate yesterday.

Her estate is valued at \$12,500, all but \$1,500 of which is real estate. Matthew J. Oswald, 9802 Winston avenue, a brother, and Mrs. Mary Klein, 7015 Sheridan road, a sister, are the chief legatees. Mrs. Brachendorf died Sept. 16.

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WOMEN START  
FIGHT TO UNMASK  
MASHER "JONES"

Back Miss Mary McKinney to  
Expose Club Member Who  
Dodged Court.

The identity of the flirtatious "John Jones" who annoyed Miss Mary McKinney of 3009 East Eighteenth place with his admiration on an Illinois Central train may not repose in concealment much longer.

The game of "hide-and-seek" which the mysterious "masher" has been playing with his name with clubwomen was about up yesterday. It was learned "John Jones" is a member of the South Shore Country club and a broker in La Salle street, in addition to having a "beautiful home life."

Has Sleuth on Trail.

Dr. Lillian M. Thompson of 3972 Ellis avenue, president of the Women's Civic council, has a woman investigator who is on "John Jones" trail.

When Miss McKinney caused her admirer's arrest a few days ago he used the name of "John Jones" for court purposes. He sent his attorney, Frederick L. Fike, of 5634 Blackstone avenue, into the courtroom to deny he had set too close to Miss McKinney on the Illinois Central train or otherwise had annoyed her with his attentions.

The attorney asked the name of his client be withheld for the protection of the man's "beautiful home life." So "John Jones," the masher, was dismissed by Municipal Judge Frank H. Graham. This would have been satisfactory had not both Miss McKinney and her mother objected. Clubwomen started a campaign against "John Jones," demanding his identity be known.

Fake Defends Anonymity.

Attorney Frederick L. Fike said that his client had been tried and dismissed for flirting. According to the statute regarding "former Jeopardy," "John Jones" could not be held for the same offense twice.

"I think the women are disturbing themselves unnecessarily about John Jones," Attorney Fike said. "He says he said nothing he would not say to his own family to the girl who caused his arrest."

Judge Graham could not be reached to learn his intentions.

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## Keep warm—save vitality!

"The coming of bitter cold makes it necessary to again warn old people and children especially of the importance of preserving the body's vitality by keeping in the heat of the blood. Disease germs flourish when the body is chilled. Exposing yourself to cold puts an extra load on the heart. Keep the home all over at even temperature, particularly avoiding cold, drafty floors which chill the big blood vessels at the ankles." That is why health authorities so strongly endorse

IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators keep every part of the home in uniform warmth—floors, halls, vestibules, bays, and corners all genially alike in comfort and health-protecting temperature. With heating by IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators there are no cold floors, drafts or chill spots and the air is not robbed of its purity and vitality by escaping ash-dust and coal-gases.

Look at the official health maps of any big city, which will show you how free from deaths due to neuralgia, rheumatism, pneumonia, coughs and consumption are those districts where practically all the best homes are warmed and ventilated by IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators. The Indian huddled over his campfire is one of the worst victims of pneumonia, rheumatism, consumption and other winter maladies. So, too, the farmers (according to Government Statistics), with their old-fashioned heating, show a far bigger death rate than do city people from the ravages of these winter diseases.

IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators are used to warm and ventilate the leading hotels, sanitariums and baths at Aix-les-Bains, Nice, the Riviera, Carlsbad, Marienbad, Cairo, Simla, Japan, Florida, Southern California, etc. These facts should point the right heating way to you!

IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators are now put in old or new cottages, manions, stores, schools, churches, etc., without disturbing occupants or tearing up floors or partitions. Their big savings in fuel and absence of repairs soon repay their cost. Will outwear the building. Write, phone or call today for free book, "Ideal Heating."

An unfailing, stationary Vacuum Cleaner—in sizes now at \$150 up!

You should know about our ARCO WAND Vacuum Cleaner, for dustless, complete cleaning of rooms, furnishings, etc. Sits in basement and cleans through iron suction pipe running to each floor. Easily put in OLD buildings. Fully GUARANTEED. Lasts as long as the building—like radiator heating. Send for catalog.

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## Leather Goods

Our Leather Department is interesting because it contains real novelties.

We have created hundreds of new ideas for Leather Goods and have always something new to show—things which are not to be found elsewhere.

Our imported goods have arrived and await your inspection.

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# The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 9, 1905, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters, and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly repudiates any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

## SWORN STATEMENT.

Net paid circulation of "The Chicago Tribune" as reported under oath to the United States government under section of 4074 of the postal laws and regulations, being the average from April 1, 1914, to Sept. 30, 1914:

Daily ..... 200,316  
Sunday ..... 400,736

The above figures are exclusive of all papers which have been wasted, spoiled, returned, duplicated, delivered as complimentary, in exchange, as samples, which were missed or lost, or were late in arriving at their destination, or that remained unsold. They also are exclusive of papers paid for, but on which money so paid has been refunded.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1914.

## SHERMAN RE-ELECTED.

Senator Lawrence V. Sherman has won re-election. He was an alien in Chicago, but a native son downstate. He will return to the senate and it is this Tribune's conviction that he will do his work usefully. It was because of that conviction that this Tribune gave him an endorsement over the other two candidates.

Mr. Sherman's fault is a disposition toward old fogeyism on certain questions which involve centralization of government and which increase the effectiveness of centralized administration. He is apt to go back fifty or sixty years and make too much of the dignity of the state, in cases where that dignity merely operates to prevent a thing from being done effectively.

We believe that Mr. Sherman, with a full term before him—no longer a mere interloper in the senate—will display the vigor of thought and action which has won him the respect of many of his critics.

We do not believe that Illinois has sent a negligible quantity to the senate, but rather a man of exceptional political intelligence who can admirably represent the state.

## THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Enough votes for a constitutional convention resolution have been explicitly pledged or counted as favorable to insure its passage by the next assembly—if every pledge is kept. The margin over the required two-thirds is four votes in the house and five in the senate. This is not a wide margin and may be wiped out by absence or some other form of evasion, but Mr. Cole, head of the Constitutional Convention league, is confident of success, and his judgment is good.

All the same, propaganda should continue so that before the assembly convenes public opinion will be concentrated effectively and a defeat or evasion of the resolution will not be considered.

## READY FOR INSURRECTION.

It would seem that the fire has been pulled out from under the boiler of the Democratic steam roller in the national house of representatives. The Democratic majority in the house has been so reduced as to invite revolutions. They are likely to be wholesome.

When the great Democratic majority of two years ago was reported many Democratic disciplinarians grieved, thinking that the party had been given a working force which would prove beyond ordinary management. The result proved otherwise. The majority was so large that insurgents were discouraged. Even in case they gathered a considerable group of men around an idea they lacked force. A majority still remained against them, no matter what combinations they sought with men of other parties.

Consequently the caucus rule in the house was tyrannical. Rebellion against it was ineffective. No headway could be made. Enough conspirators could not be assembled to overthrow the organization on any given question.

The large majority worked perfectly for Democratic harmony because it discouraged opposition. Now that majority has been reduced to the point of offering success to any rebellion. A defection of twelve or fifteen votes will take control away from the Democratic house organization. Consequently the house organization must be conservative, tolerant, and compromising.

There will be a very different spirit in the next congress. President Wilson had full knowledge of this possibility. He indicated it when he put through as much as possible of his program.

## WATCH FOR THE INSURRECTION IN THE NEXT CONGRESS.

## SURPRISES OF THE WAR.

To the layman, at least, if not to the expert, the war has developed several surprises. One is the failure of the Germans to sweep the field to Paris. Another is the failure of the British to sweep the seas of Germany. Another is the failure of Russia's sea of men to inundate Prussia.

Of course the foregoing is a very loose way of putting the expectations referred to, but it is not essentially inaccurate. It was widely believed that the overwhelming German army would fight its way swiftly over northern France and take Paris in a few weeks. It has not done so. On the contrary, over three months have passed by and the German army is in an apparent stalemate on the northern border of France, fighting with splendid valor and pitiless self-sacrifice, but obviously checked.

On the other hand, while the main German fleet is bottled up by the main British and French forces, such striking naval successes as have occurred have to be credited to the Germans. The fleet of the submarine U-9 did not seriously weaken the British fleet, but its moral value to the Germans was undoubtedly great. The adventures of the light cruisers Emden and Karlsruhe are important in the same way, and the victory off Chile will be more so.

In the eastern theater of the land war the tremendous weight of the Russian army has not yet manifested itself, and the critical action is on Russian soil. The Austrians have acquitted themselves well after their first reverse, and exhausted Serbia is unable to do more than defend itself.

This is the situation in general view. But in detail the war has contained other surprises, most notably the resistance of Belgium, which undoubtedly saved Paris, if not France itself. The inferiority of the French aviator to the British and German is a reverse of the expected. The mobility of heavy artillery developed by the Germans and the swift demolition of modern fortresses were a surprise, and will greatly modify military preparation and practice in the future. The use of field

improvements has been developed to an unheard-of extent and the Germans are teaching a lesson in the value of machine guns with infantry.

The nature and value of the heavy howitzer and new explosives are yet to be studied, and so many are the novel lessons of the war that military and naval experts will be kept busy modifying theory and practice long after peace has come.

## THE REASONABLE SUBWAY.

Mayor Harrison's subway ideas have undergone conversion. The "dinky subway" of campaigning rhetoric becomes the sensible subway of more sedate thought.

The mayor's eyes can tell him that something ought to be done to make conditions of street car transportation in Chicago at least tolerable. They can tell him that at present conditions are tolerable only in a tolerant city.

If there were any effective discontent in Chicago the remedy would be found without so much useless rhetoric. We do not blame the mayor for protecting the city against the possibility of a deal which would inordinately benefit the traction companies—surface and elevated.

We have blamed him for interposing a theory in the way of a fact. Mr. Harrison tried to persuade the voters to chase a will-o'-the-wisp, and although he failed to obtain endorsement for the incomprehensible comprehensive subway, he did succeed in making it impossible to obtain a determination of the question upon a basis of fact.

The facts are that the city is in position to build a subway which will relieve congestion where it is most damaging—in the downtown district. It is in position financially to relieve overcrowding of cars at the source and to promote the speed of the cars. It can make it possible to take street car traffic off the streets where congestion is the greatest and to eliminate the small crawl of the cars in the loop district.

Later this subway system can be made to fit in with any comprehensive system which may be proved practical. In the meanwhile there is clear gain. If this idea now recommends itself to the mayor, he, by endorsing it, reveals progress.

We do not obstruct any better system by taking such improvement as now is possible. Obstruction would be possible, but it is not the necessary condition and there is sufficient intelligence in the city administration to protect all the city's interests.

The city is prepared now, when the approval of the citizens has been obtained, to undertake a work which will bring relief instantly and which will adjust itself to improvements of larger scope when they rationally may be undertaken.

## A PROTEST THAT COUNTS.

The report of the taxation committee of the American Bar association on our fearful-wonderful income tax law must startle those statesmen who have been lulled and soothed by the lyrical tribute of President Wilson to the Democratic majority of the present national house. There is nothing political, partisan, or reactionary in the report signed by Prof. Ernest Freund of the University of Chicago. It cannot be lightly dismissed, and the sooner it is taken to heart at Washington the better.

Nothing short of a complete reconstruction of the law is demanded by the report of the committee. In every part the act is declared to be open to the gravest objection. It is obscure, self-contradictory, in spots even unintelligible. It is a Chinese puzzle even to trained lawyers and tax experts. It is so crude, loose, and unwieldy that its authors are compelled to plead for liberal interpretation of it by administrative and judicial officers. In other words, the law is to be eked out by free and unlimited guessing in favor of the treasury because "it needs the money."

Assuredly the committee is not unreasonable in suggesting that so important a piece of legislation should be "so arranged and expressed as to be convenient for reference, consistent in all its parts, and capable of being understood by a citizen of average intelligence." If the "wisdom of congress" be unequal to this task, there are competent lawyers and students outside who might have been called to render first and last aid to the bunglers. Is it not literally a disgrace to the American people that an income tax law to which there was so little theoretical opposition should provoke—and justify—so stinging a protest from sound and progressive lawyers? And are not the majority leaders responsible for this disgrace, this reflection on national intelligence?

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## Bits from the Best Magazines.

### OUR SUBMARINE IN 1776.

(From the World's Work.)

Mines have an interesting and romantic history; for their beginnings we must go back to our revolutionary war. An ingenious undergraduate of Yale, David Bushnell, worked out the idea while still a college student. "Bushnell's Turtle," which he constructed, represented not only the first attempt at a submarine mine; it was also the world's first submarine boat. These two deadly engines, which play so important a part in the present struggle, originated in the same brain and at the same time. Bushnell's chief ambition was to construct a respectable catapulting an explosive which he could set off under the enemy's vessel—the submarine boat was built merely as a method of putting this amiable engine in position.

The whole contraption, according to contemporary descriptions, was shaped something like a "round clam." The vessel was large enough to hold a man in sitting posture; its elevation and submergence was accomplished by letting water in and out; it had an elaborate mechanism for steering and propulsion. The navigator worked a couple of levers with his feet after the present fashion of running a sewing machine; this started a couple of paddle wheels on the outside, which furnished the vessel's motive power.

The exterior wall held in place a large keg filled with gunpowder, ignited by a fuse; at the critical moment the inmate released this, backed away quickly so as to save his own skin, and calmly awaited the pending destruction. Bushnell, after many experiments, finally made a night attack on the British cruiser Eagle, anchored off Staten Island. His submarine worked successfully; his torpedo exploded according to program; owing to some mistake in calculation, however, it did not go off directly under the British vessel, but at a little distance away.

All that Bushnell got for his pains, therefore, was a loud report and a huge geyser. The English seamen, although not destroyed, were considerably amazed. They had never dreamed of anything like this. The performance had about the same effect upon them that the appearance of the Zeppelin has had in the present war, the only difference being that they expected the Zeppelin, whereas Bushnell's torpedo took them entirely by surprise.

### TROUBLE AHEAD.

The man who leaves the house with a groan in the morning, and slams the door behind him, has a bad day coming.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

(Quisquis agunt homines nostri est farrago libelli.)—JUVENAL.

### THE DESTROYER.

THE aging poet, at Autumn's grey height,  
With gleaming glories studs the dome of night,  
And mids the vast's supernal soliloquy  
Dances on the earthlings' gaze enchants.  
Deport by Zeus, with Hermes' sandals heeled,  
By Pluto helmed, Athena's gift her shield,  
His valor proved by deeds whose fame soon spread  
(As when he took Medusa's frightful head),  
Andromeda, her monster slain, his bride;  
His place mid constellations when he died;  
There later limned, involved in radiant haze,  
His chiefest glory Aigle's variant blaze—  
The Winking Demon, he, in astral lore,  
In birth three million miles and myriads more,  
So distant, too, the stellar fields he tracks  
That no man yet hath found his paradise;  
In whose warm glow the show's 'got son cools  
E'en though the dulled companion oft cooals;  
While four scores others, less in magnitude,  
Fair jewels all, o'er all his frame are strewn;  
Capella's herald, whose advances he flees,  
Hard by Cassiope and Pleiades,  
For beauty famed o'er all the sons of Zeus,  
'Mongst stars folk for fairer; Perseus,  
Who courses 'twixt the skies when nights grow long,  
A lovely vision midst a lovely throng.

### APOLGY.

I have a friend, whose name is Al, for whom I make apology:  
He can't endure a poem that is cluttered with mythology.  
He waits upon my shoulder, and his tribulation's comely;  
He gets all hot up at mention of Medusa or Andromache.

Whenever Aries comes across with vanities vernacular,  
The way this friend of mine goes on is perfectly ridiculous.

And if, as is the case today, the subject's astronomical,  
The irritation of my friend is altogether comical.  
And so I take a pleasure that is special and unusual  
In printing what you see above. I hope it may amuse you, Al.

ONE of the reporters who have been working on the foot and mouth epidemic was feeling so well when he got home, the other morning, that he executed a few tangos and hummed a snatch of song. "Where," inquired his wife, raising her eyebrows, "do you get that stuff?" "Oh," said he jauntily, "I'm always dancing and singing." "Huh!" said she, "I guess you've caught that foot and mouth disease." There was no come-back.

THE prize painting entitled "The Nude," has been barred from the malls as "purely vulgar." To the vulgarly pure all things are purely vulgar.

### Final Round Reminders. One Might Say.

(From the Philadelphia Ledger.)

At any rate, if Germany's exchequer becomes exhausted, she can pawn the watch on the Rhine.

THERE is talk about "a Harrison campaign on a subway platform." In other cities they build the subway first. In this town we get nothing but the platforms.

### THE INFLAMED REPORTER.

(From the Waterloo, Ia., Times-Tribune.)

A Times-Tribune reporter had that rare privilege yesterday afternoon. He had previously seen her in the films; he had seen her on the stage. But not until he met and talked with her did he realize the rich beauty of her face and hair and eyes, the symmetry of her splendid figure, the softness of her voice and more than all else—the genuine womanly feelings and emotions that are hers. Beautiful blue eyes, she has, as blue as can be seen in Colorado sky. Her hair is golden as a harvest field in October, her teeth are white as the pearl that shines in the bosom of a shell peering up at you from the ocean's depth, and her face is as fair as a day in June, and as full of grace and charm as the face one sees in dreams. Perfect her features, her eyes, her lips, her hair, but even these would not complete the magnetism of her charms were it not for her dimples.

"Name of actress omitted at the lady's request."  
"CONSEQUENCES" is a good play. All it needs—if we may trespass on the dramatic critic's preserves—is an accelerated tempo and a reduction of the fortissimo passages to forte.

### OLD STUFF DEPARTMENT.

German Lady: "On which side are your sympathies?"  
American Lady: "Well, when I'm talking with a German I'm neutral."

NO other nation, in declaring war, ever made half the hit that Turkey has made. It is raining ultimatums in Constantinople.

### A LEFT-HANDED BOOST.

Sir: A poster in the street cars, advertising a w. k. brand of tobacco, reads: "When my pipe is filled with — all my troubles go up in smoke." G. F. S.

THE Hotel Logan in Dubois, Pa., is said to be a very good house, in spite of the fact that Mr. Sloppy is the proprietor.

### Snuff, Mawwraws.

Sir: If W. A. M. really wants to put the snuff habit till he can get Old Doc Evans and try Doc Briggs, who will advise him to "Blow Hard!" J. A. S.

"PLUMBER Mistaken for a Burglar in Dundee."—Omanah World-Herald.  
Write your own comment.

YOU HAVE OUR PERMISSION.  
Sir: While the larger question is being thus amicably settled, why not refer to him as the Diatempore of the World? N. C.

"SHEIK-UL-ISLAM Asks Holy War."  
Another God in the war machine.  
Who BELLED THE BUREAU?  
(From the Stewardson, Ill., Clipper.)

Last Wednesday as George Mueller was building fence on his farm a mile south of town he was annoyed by the ringing of a small bell. George not being of a superstitious nature he began to investigate and to his surprise found that a large buzzard flying in the air above him had a small bell strapped about his neck. The bird came close enough that Mr. Mueller could plainly see the bell which is about two and one-half inches across and Mr. Mueller rings it with much pitch. About twenty years ago a bell buzzard was seen by B. E. Beale and a few others. The question arises who put the bell on the bird and is it the same bell bird seen twenty years ago?

"SUFFRAGE Reduced to Rump."—Daily Missoulian.  
Mercy!

"DRINK Taboo in Fourteen States."—W. G. N.  
"What 'tis?" queries Steve. "New Dugan cocktail!"

"JUST LIKE THAT?"  
Sir: Mr. Feather ran for congress on the Prohibition ticket in Michigan. In South Haven he got three ballots. "A light vote," said the inspector, after announcing it. C. O. M.

### ARIZONA has gone dry. It didn't have far to go.

Why, of course.  
Sir: Doc Evans says Yes when asked if shingles attack the scalp. Naturally. The place for shingles is the roof. FAMEILA.

HIGH steps of street cars are the cause of lumbago and sciatica, says an osteopath.  
AND, he might have added, eye-strain. B. L. T.

## How to Keep Well.

By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations and where a stamped, addressed envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnoses or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

(Copyright 1914, By Dr. W. A. Evans.)

### HEALTH DAY IN INDIANA.

His year Indiana celebrated a new kind of a holiday. The people of that state are just as anxious to honor Washington, Lincoln, and Columbus as they have ever been. They want their children to know all they can of the services rendered by these great men.

They decided that, in addition, they would like to have their children impressed with the advantage of health and strength, and to that end they chose to set aside a day on which that subject would be uppermost in the public mind. Dr. Burry and the state board of health promoted the idea. Gov. Ralston issued a ringing proclamation, and the success of the day was up to the people themselves.

I understand that the celebration was state-wide; that a majority of the people of the state indirectly participated in it. My personal knowledge is limited to two small cities, East Chicago and Valparaiso, and I know that in those places it was the greatest "crazy day" in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. It was in Valparaiso in the last presidential campaign, when Senator Beveridge, the political idol of northwestern Indiana, spoke to a large and enthusiastic meeting. Beveridge day, in numbers and general enthusiasm, did not compare with health day.

Other cities of 8,000 would like to follow the example of Valparaiso. They are interested in the method of celebration and its cost.

Several thousand health day buttons were purchased. These cost \$42.50. The mayor of Valparaiso and Health Officer Young visited every school in the county, explaining health day to the trustees. Measures were taken to make the day profitable \$30 for necessary expenses. A health exhibition was got together. It cost \$50. The total expense was then \$122.50.

Each student got up his own costume and banner. The small expense of decoration of the floats was borne by the students of the different schools. As we see, the \$122.50, the central expense, was not the only expense, but it was most of it. It was a home-made affair. The simple measures by which the day was made a success. The banners were designed and built at home. The wagons and teams belonged to patrons of the schools. The decorating was done by the pupils. The parade was effective because it was home made.

Now, how much of parade was there? Four thousand students paraded. Eleven hundred were from Valparaiso city schools; 2,900 were from the university; 900 were from country schools. One school had 195 out of its 198 pupils in the parade. Columbus school had 250 pupils in line—the entire enrollment. There

## LA MARQUISE DE FONTENAY.

(Copyright 1914, By the Brentwood Co.)

MILICENT, Dowager Duchess of Sutherland, has become a convert to the Roman Catholic church, according to reports now current among her relatives and friends in England. The story is borne out in a paragraph out of it; also Sackville, the other day to Maj. Percy Desmond Fitzgerald of the Eleventh Hussars, who won the distinguished service order during the siege of Ladysmith, took place at St. Joseph's Catholic church, Rochester, on the most picturesque suburb of London, and that there was no Protestant ceremony of any kind.

Her little book, entitled "Six Weeks at the War," and recording her experiences as a Red Cross nurse in Belgium and France until the capture of her ambulance party by the Germans and their expulsion from Belgium into Holland, contains such sympathetic references to the convent of the Sisters of Notre Dame at Namur and her association with these sisters in the task of caring for the wounded and dying at Namur as to convey the impression of a community of religious ideas.

The duchess's new husband, Maj. Fitzgerald, is a Roman Catholic, a graduate of the great Roman Catholic college of Oscott, and has achieved considerable note as a polo player.

Just turned 42, he is but five years the junior of his remarkably youthful-looking and comely bride, and is a man of considerable wealth, derived from his father, a Galway man, who made a large fortune in Australia, where he has a beautiful place known as Moira, at St. Kilda, near Melbourne, and where the late Lord Fitzgibbon, who has played a prominent part in Australian politics. On his father's death Maj. Fitzgerald will inherit the bulk of his property.

Of course, the duchess, who was left rather badly off by the late duke, and who, if current gossip is to be believed, is not on particularly friendly terms with her son, the present duke, loses her status and her legal prerogatives as a peeress of the realm by her marriage.

Having become a commoner, she can no longer claim immunity from the jurisdiction of the ordinary tribunals, or demand trial by the house of lords.

At court she will no longer have her place on the bench reserved for duchesses, nor in the gallery restricted to peeresses in the Chapel Royal at St. James. She loses all the precedence which she formerly enjoyed as a duchess and resumes that of the daughter of an earl, to which she was entitled through her father, the late Lord Roslyn, prior to her marriage, at the age of 17, to the late Duke of Sutherland.

However, according to English custom and usage, she will still continue to be known in society, not as Lady Millicent Fitzgerald, but as Millicent, Duchess of Sutherland.

Sir Richard Sutton, who, a lieutenant of the First Life Guards, has been badly wounded while serving on the staff of the German Marshal Sir John French against the Germans in France, is like King Alfonso of Spain, of posthumous birth, having been born several months before his father's death. He is the son of the late Sir Richard Sutton, who was killed in the Boer war, and his mother, the Countess of Sutherland.

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were seventy-five floats and decorated vehicles.

One school paraded its pupils in brigades carrying appropriate banners. In the pure foot brigade were forty pupils. In the flag-waving brigade were thirty-six.

Another school had its pupils divided into the following brigades: Cleanliness, air and sunshine; sanitary bakeries, milk and water, teeth, flies.

The Chesterton school sent its pupils over the route in automobiles. These automobiles were so placed that the legends on their banners, read consecutively, told a health story.

After the parade there was a public address given in the courthouse yard. Then followed free demonstrations of moving picture health films in the "movie" theaters. The day ended with a visit to the home-made health exhibition.

### SMALLPOX AT HEBRON.

A correspondent complains of the small-pox situation at Hebron, Ill. He says there is much disease in the town. Nobody goes to school. The schools and moving picture houses are open. The billiard hall was open until the proprietor contracted smallpox. It is a heavy milk shipping point.

### REPLY.

This complaint was referred to Dr. Drake, secretary of the state board of health, and the Chicago health department. Dr. Drake informs us that the disease was carried to Hebron by a itinerant vendor of a blood purifier. The man went about selling blood purifier while broken out with smallpox. He showed his eruption as proof of the efficacy of his medicine. Dr. Drake reports that Mr. Turner, president of the township board of health, reports that there are but three cases of smallpox in Hebron and that the policy of vaccination and strict quarantine is being carried out. By the end of a week the entire community will have been vaccinated.

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real estate in the west end of London. An idea of the magnitude thereof may be gathered by any one who has visited the British metropolis, when it is stated that it includes almost the entire north side of Piccadilly and most of the streets running out of it; also Sackville street, Half Moon street, a considerable portion of Curzon street, together with Vigo street, Bolton street, and Clarges street.

Nor from the foregoing list of Sir Richard's property ought I to omit the country estate which he owns on the north side of Regent street. The Suttons are one of the oldest county families in England, and have during their history, which dates from Tudor times, owned various titles, including those of Lord Lexington and the Earl of Dudley.

Among those still pertaining to the family is the viscounty of Canterbury, which is now held by the descendants of Lord Mansfield, and which was held by Duke of Rutland, who on inheriting the estates of his maternal grandfather, Robert Sutton, assumed the latter's patronymic and armorial bearings.

His son was one of the most famous architects of Canterbury, and his son in turn, for his services as speaker of the house of commons, was created Viscount Canterbury.

Sir Richard Sutton is still unmarried, and lives with his mother, a daughter, Sir Richard Corbett, who after four years of widowhood married the Rev. Herbert Delaval Astley, by whom she has a son, Philip Astley, who accompanied her on a prolonged visit to the United States about five years ago.

Sir Richard, who is regarded by match-making mothers with marriageable daughters as one of the greatest matrimonial parts in England, has lately declined Brinsford court in Herefordshire.

It is a peaceful, retired spot, and in the clear, broad waters of the moat, the old chimneys and gables are reflected as in a looking-glass.

Brinsford court and the surrounding park of about 1,000 acres was at one time owned by the poet Wordsworth, and Southey was also a frequent visitor there.







# FINAL UNOFFICIAL COUNT SHOWS IT HUSTING BY 1,600

Recount Likely in Wisconsin  
to Beat McGovern,  
However.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 6.—On a total vote of approximately 250,000 votes for United States senator in Wisconsin at Tuesday's election, not counting those cast for Seidel (Social-Democrat), the count, as compiled by the Milwaukee Journal (Independent) at the close of today, shows a plurality for Paul O. Husting (Dem.) of 1,600 votes over Gov. Francis E. McGovern (Rep.). Husting's vote is totaled 120,880 and McGovern's 122,080.

The returns received by the Milwaukee Sentinel (Rep.) tonight, with those from the Milwaukee Journal (Independent), show Husting to be leading by about 1,200.

In any event it would appear that a recount will be necessary before either candidate can be declared officially elected.

**SENATOR THOMAS RE-ELECTED.**  
Denver, Colo., Nov. 6.—Republican State Chairman Stewart this afternoon conceded the reelection of United States Senator Charles E. Thomas, Democrat, over Hubert Work, Republican, by at least 1,000 plurality.

Senator Thomas, in a public statement on the result of the election, declared T. M. Patterson was defeated for governor through the "most shameful deal ever known in Colorado politics." He said Patterson was "double crossed" by the liquor interests in favor of Carlson, Republican governor-elect, and that the perpetrators of the deal would be prosecuted under the federal election laws and corrupt practices act.

**CALIFORNIA'S DELEGATION.**  
San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 6.—California's delegation in the houses of representatives will consist of four Progressives, three Republicans, three Democrats, and one Independent, as follows: Progressives—Nolan, Elston, Bell, Stephens.  
Republicans—Hayes, Curry, Kahn.  
Democrats—Raker, Church, Kettner.  
Independent—Kent.

This lineup represents the regular party affiliations of the eleven successful candidates, several of whom had received more than one party nomination in the August primary election.  
It probably will require the official count to determine the result in the Ninth congressional district. Late today Charles W. Bell, the Progressive incumbent, led Charles H. Randall, Democrat, by 193 votes.

**DEMOCRATS RULE NEBRASKA.**  
Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—Complete unofficial returns show that the Nebraska legislature of 1915 will be overwhelmingly Democratic. In the senate the parties will be divided as follows:  
Democrats, 16; Republicans, 14. In the house, Democrats, 67; Republicans, 33.

Besides reflecting Gov. Morehead, the Democratic party elected the state treasurer and one regent of the university. The Republicans retain the other eight state offices, except attorney general and state auditor, which are still in doubt.

**NEVADA FACES A CONTEST.**  
Carson, Nev., Nov. 6.—Returns from 188 precincts out of 240 in Nevada give for United States senator: Newlands, Dem., 7,797; Platt, Rep., 7,682.

This gives Newlands a lead of 115 votes, with approximately 350 to hear from. It is conceded that the result will not be determined definitely until the official count is made and that a contest is probable.

**WILLIAMS LEADS OKLAHOMA.**  
Oklahoma City, Okla., Nov. 6.—Complete returns from seventy-one counties out of seventy-seven, give Robert L. Williams, Democrat, a plurality of 3,122 votes over John Fields, the Republican candidate for governor. In the seventy-one counties the vote stands: Williams, 58,389; Fields, 55,267.

**LANDIS CALLS AD FIRM HEAD.**  
Wants Former President of Bankrupt Company to Explain \$30,000 Notes.

Judge Landis yesterday granted a request for an order for the immediate examination of Clarke H. Loomis, former president of the Commercial National Advertising company in the Flaher building. The company is in bankruptcy with liabilities alleged to be in excess of \$100,000.

Attorney H. H. Wilcox, representing the petitioners, said Loomis had in his possession \$30,000 of the company's notes.

## New Haven Director Released on Bond.



WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER.

New York, Nov. 6.—Thomas De Witt Cuyler of Philadelphia, one of the twenty-one directors or former directors of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad company, who were indicted last Monday, appeared before Judge Foster in the criminal branch of the federal district court here this afternoon and entered a plea of not guilty. He was given ten days in which to change his plea, and was released on a bond of \$5,000, as was William Rockefeller and other defendants in the case.

## SON-IN-LAW OF JUDGE ADMITS FORGING CHECKS.

Otto Rumba Says He Has Cashed  
Eighteen or Twenty Worthless  
Bank Drafts.

Numerous complaints were received last month by the detective bureau and the West Chicago avenue police from Milwaukee avenue merchants, who said that a young man had given them worthless checks in payment for their wares.

When a well dressed young man bought a suit of clothes at the store of the Benson & Rixon company at 1297 Milwaukee avenue last Tuesday and tendered a check for \$27.50, drawn on the Northern Trust company and signed by Henry Behman, one of the clerks became suspicious. The check was found to be worthless and two detectives followed the messenger boy who delivered the suit, and arrested the man who had purchased it. He gave the name of Behman.

Last night it was learned that "Behman" was Otto Rumba, a son-in-law of Judge George Kersten of the Circuit court. Neither his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Rumba of 2035 Rice street, nor Mrs. Kersten, were aware of the fact that he was under arrest. Both said that they believed him to be in Milwaukee with his wife, where he was formerly engaged as a salesman for a furniture firm. They said they knew of no financial difficulties, beyond the fact that he was unemployed.

## MOOSE MEET IN NEW YORK; DISCUSS PARTY'S FUTURE.

Col. Roosevelt Falls to Attend and  
Result of Meeting Is Held Secret  
—Convene in Chicago Dec. 2.

New York, Nov. 6.—The Progressive national executive committee met here behind closed doors today, three members and one man holding a proxy attending. There are eight members.

Subjects of general interest to the Progressive party were discussed. It was announced, but no action was taken and the meeting adjourned to reconvene on Dec. 2 in Chicago.

Present today were George W. Perkins, chairman; William Flinn of Pennsylvania; George O. Priestley of Oklahoma; and Harold J. Jones of Illinois, representing Miss Jane Addams of Chicago. Col. Roosevelt did not attend, and it was said he sent no message.

## STATE G. O. P. GAIN 13 IN CONGRESS

Democrats Lose 11 and Progressives 2 in Tuesday's  
Balloting.

COPLEY ONLY MOOSE.

The representation in the national house of representatives from Illinois in the next congress will show a net gain for the Republicans of 13, a loss for the Democrats of 11 and for the Progressives of 2.

**Totals from Illinois.**  
Complete returns from all the Illinois districts, including the two congressmen at large, show these totals:

Republicans... 17 Progressives... 1 Democrats... 9

The political division of the present delegation from Illinois is as follows:  
Republicans... 4 Progressives... 3 Democrats... 30

**Copley Lone Moose.**  
Apparently Ira C. Copley of Aurora will be the only Progressive in the Illinois contingent. His plurality in the Aurora district is now under the 500 mark. George E. Foss defeated Congressman Thompson in the Lake View district by a plurality of 4,887. Congressman Thompson ran third, being 291 behind John F. Waters, the Democratic nominee.

In the Rochester-La Salle district Congressman William H. Hinebaugh, chairman of the national Progressive committee, is defeated by Charles E. Fuller, one of the old guard cleaned out in 1912, by a plurality of more than 6,000.

Congressman James M. Graham has been defeated in the Springfield district by Loren E. Wheeler, former Republican postmaster at the state capital, by a plurality of 2,008.

## ALD. WAGG FUNERAL HELD.

Members of City Council Attend  
Services of Representative of  
Twenty-fifth Ward.

Funeral services for Howard N. Wagg, alderman from the Twenty-fifth ward, were held yesterday at the family residence, 672 Sheridan road.

Among those present were members of the city council, city officials and representatives of the Progressive club. Judge Charles M. Foll, James McNally, James A. Stevens, W. J. Burke, Fred J. Tucker, and John D. Pigott, all members of the old Marquette club, of which Ald. Wagg was a charter member, acted as pallbearers.

The body was taken last evening to Skowhegan, Me., for burial on Monday.

## OBITUARY.

**JOHN W. CORLIES**, a pioneer in the lumber business in Chicago, died yesterday. He was 71 years old. He came to Chicago at the close of the civil war, through which he served as a lieutenant in the Eighth New York infantry. He was a member of Cleveland lodge, A. F. & M., and Chicago commandery, Knights Templar. He was quartermaster of Grant post, No. 28, G. A. R. The funeral will be held tomorrow from the Corlies residence at 1025 North Long avenue. Burial at Graceland.

**MRS. CATHERINE JONES**, widow of Richard Jones, died yesterday at her residence, 1850 West Jackson boulevard. Mrs. Jones had resided on the west side for the last six years. She had been for the last forty years a member of St. Patrick's parish. She is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Nellie Asping, and a son, Chief Thomas J. Reynolds of the sixth battalion. The funeral will be held Monday morning. Burial at Calvary.

**CHARLES E. LYON**, 68 years old, for forty-two years a resident of Chicago, Oak Park, and Elgin, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Carrie Lyon Bliss, 418 South Boulevard, Oak Park. He came to Chicago from Cranston, Ill., after having come from Massachusetts when a young man. He engaged in the grocery business on the west side at one time.

**ANNIE HAISTED FOSTER**, wife of Dr. Richard N. Foster, died suddenly at her residence, 3422 Dorchester avenue, yesterday in her 82d year. She is the mother of Mrs. Marian Foster Washburne, the author of Associate Professor Edith Foster Flint of the University of Chicago, and of Mrs. Ethel Foster Niles.

**WATSON HARRPAM**, the young Yale graduate who shot himself Thursday at his home at 931 Maple avenue, Evanston, will be buried today. Services will be held at the home this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The Rev. William T. McElveen of the First Congregational church will officiate.

**HENRY D. SEXTON**, president of the Southern Illinois National bank of East St. Louis, and a member of the executive committee of the National Currency association, died yesterday. Death was due to heart disease. He was one of the wealthiest men in East St. Louis.

## SHURTLEFF NOT OUT FOR GAVEL IN OPEN FIGHT.

But Would Accept if  
"Proper Situation"  
Arises.

Former Speaker Edward D. Shurtleff will not be an open and active candidate for the speakership of the next Illinois house of representatives. This seems to have been determined definitely.

There is substantial indication that he and his friends, numbering practically all of the "elder statesmen" who are elected to the house, will accept development, and if the very peculiar situation arises that Mr. Shurtleff can be elevated to the speakership by a combination of experienced Republicans who have served in one or more sessions, dry Republicans among the new members, dry Democrats, and Progressives, he will accept the opportunity, but under no other conditions.

Such a condition is likely. Homer J. Tice is an announced candidate, preferably by the caucus route. He is classed as an unqualified Sherman man, a downstate man, and a dry. On the theory that there has been a definite campaign plan among the Sherman people to reconstruct the Republican organization, the Sherman Republicans are making quiet plans of their own to decline to be put out of commission by Senator Sherman's friends, and it now seems possible that a downstate Deneen man will be put in the running for the speakership, probably Walter M. Province of Taylorville.

## N. Y. DEMOCRATS OUT TO PUT MURPHY IN "GRAVE."

Meeting Next Week Will Settle  
Details of "How to Do It," As-  
serts Wilson Leader.

New York, Nov. 6.—[Special.]—Some time next week there will be a meeting here in this city of anti-Murphy Democrats to agree upon a plan for continuing the fight against Murphyism wherever it exists," said Stuart G. Gibbons, one of the prime movers in the Wilson Democracy today.

Mr. Gibbons, in discussing the plans as they have so far shaped themselves, was hopeful that the Wilson Democrats could easily gain control of the Democratic state committee. This would be a big step forward, said Mr. Gibbons, in their efforts to oust Mr. Murphy from active control of state politics.

"Our first move in this direction will be to wrest from Mr. Murphy's control the state committee," said Mr. Gibbons. "That will not be difficult, as we elected fifty-one state committeemen in the recent primaries. We need only twenty-five more to control, as seventy-six is a majority. Of these twenty-five we can get fifteen in one block, so you see the obtaining of the other ten will be comparatively easy."

At MANDEL BROTHERS—sixth floor—a great toy store—and a playground where children may be left in excellent care while mothers shop.



If you would appreciate the resourcefulness of Fashion, you should see how Mandel shoe styles keep pace with each new advance in garment modes.

## Women's lace boots at 5.50

—sale of 500 pairs in patent colt, the first of their kind to be shown in Chicago.

They have gray suede, fawn suede or fawn colored cloth tops; Cuban lous or opera heels; plain vamp with patent heel facing.

Women's "Right Shape" shoes are here in 100 styles and in all leathers, at \$4 and \$5. These are the shoes that guarantee "equal rights for every toe."

Footwear section, first floor

## Mandel Brothers

If you open a savings account with this bank you may be sure of safety, courtesy, prompt service, personal attention of the officers, appreciation of your business be it small or large, and three per cent. interest. On the strength of what we have to offer you, and the service we are prepared and equipped to perform, we invite you to become a depositor in this bank. We are now located in our new building at 208 South La Salle Street, between Adams and Quincy Streets; the savings department being on the ground floor. Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank

## RAILROADS MAY HELP TAP LINES

Commerce Board Modifies  
Decision to Permit Allow-  
ances to Industrials.

CASES UP ON MERITS.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]  
Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.—[Special.]—With Chairman Harlan dissenting the interstate commerce commission today so modified its industrial railway decision as to permit the granting of allowances by trunk lines to the industrials.

The modified decision is based on the recent decision of the United States Supreme court in the tap line case, declaring the tap lines common carriers. It provides that in every case of a tap line or an industrial railway the allowances shall be decided on the individual merits. The commission set dates for hearings on the reasonableness of the allowances made by carriers in official classification territory. One of these hearings will be held in Chicago on Nov. 30, at which time the allowances granted to the industrial railways in the vicinity of Chicago will be investigated.

**Shows Roads How to Save.**  
Notwithstanding the modification of the decision today, the commission still believes that the trunk line carriers can save millions of dollars annually by a more scientific handling of the allowances. The commission states that the records in the tap line case, as well as the industrial railway hearings, show that the granting of allowances to the industrials has been carried to extremes. Under today's decision each carrier becoming a party to an agreement with an industrial must promptly file with the commission a full statement as to the details of the arrangements.

**Conclusions of Commission.**  
In its conclusions the commission said: "We shall expect the trunk line roads, under the modification here made of our original findings, to reestablish allowances, divisions, or demurrage, or per diem arrangements with the industrial roads only in instances in which the transaction is bona fide and in which it is clearly lawful and proper."

"What we have said relative to establishment of allowances or divisions with the industrial roads referred to is not to be understood as a finding by us that those industrial roads can resume these relations with the trunk line carriers without transgressing the provisions of the commodities clause."

## REWARD SUFFRAGE LEADER.

Mrs. Frances Munda of Yavapai  
County Elected Arizona's First  
Woman State Senator.

Prescott, Ariz., Nov. 6.—Mrs. Frances Munda, Democrat, of Yavapai county will be Arizona's first woman state senator. In Tuesday's election she led the entire Democratic ticket, defeating her Republican opponent by at least 600 votes. Mrs. Munda was one of the suffrage leaders who procured votes for women in 1912.

## THE HUB Henry C. Lytton & Sons N. E. Corner State and Jackson

## 1,500 Raincoats Bought Under Price—Go On Sale Today

Raincoats are such staple garments



that you seldom find them sold at a reduction. Here's an opportunity now to save from \$2.50 to \$10—a chance that's too good to let slip by. We've purchased the entire surplus stock of the largest manufacturer in the country. They're fine imported and domestic fabric raincoats, in raglan and plain shoulder styles, also mannish styles for women. Every coat guaranteed to give satisfactory wear. The entire purchase goes on sale today at four remarkably low prices:

\$7.50 and \$8 values at	\$10 and \$12 values at	\$15 and \$18 values at	\$20 and \$25 values at
<b>\$5</b>	<b>\$8</b>	<b>\$10.50</b>	<b>\$15</b>

See these coats in the window and get yours today—5th Floor.

The Aristocrat of Cigarettes

## RAMESES

Largest Selling 20c Cigarette

Also in "Week End"  
Tins of 100 each

STEPHANO BROS.  
RAMESES  
YENGE TURKISH TOBACCO  
CIGARETTES TURKISH TOBACCO

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Endorsed by the manufacturer, merchant, distributor, consumer and educationalist.

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First Regiment Armory, Chicago, Dec. 7-13 (inclusive), 1914

MADE IN AMERICA EXPOSITION COMPANY

9th Floor, Lytton Building, 14 E. Jackson St. Telephone Harrison 1147

Forming a permanent organization of National Scope for the following purposes:

## Stimulating TRADE in American Products

First Organizing and encouraging producer and manufacturer to supply their own and other markets with MADE IN AMERICA products.

Second Urging the inventor, manufacturer and banker to the greatest efforts to the end that products now made entirely or in a large part abroad may be MADE IN AMERICA.

Third Educating the distributor and consumer to deal in and demand products MADE IN AMERICA.

Fourth Making the label "MADE IN AMERICA" signify the Best Made in the World. Coincident with the interest of the manufacturer and distributor, the inventor and the buying public, is the material interest of the workman and woman who, through newly opened channels, find fresh opportunity for marketing their skill.

Fifth Having "MADE IN AMERICA" for our NATIONAL SLOGAN.

We shall hold exhibitions throughout the country, beginning in Chicago, December 7 to 13, 1914, following as closely as possible in other centers, where, by "GETTING TOGETHER" and bringing in touch the producer and manufacturer, the inventor, organizer and banker, and the distributor, seller and consumer, an educational campaign shall be started and pursued which shall lead on to

## American Trade Supremacy

A few choice selections of space still available.

## Infant Food

ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY

For Infants, Invalids and Nursing Mothers

Robinson's Patent Barley used with fresh cow's milk is recommended by leading physicians all over the world. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers. Send for booklet, "Advice to Mothers."

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Personally escorted tours leave every Saturday commencing March 6th.

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## OFFICIAL COUNT FAILS TO CHANGE SHERMAN VOTE

Canvass of Downstate Counties Indicates 15,000 Plurality for Republican.

The Cook county official returns on the United States senatorship will not fluctuate more than 200 votes either way as between Senator Sherman and Roger C. Sullivan, as compared with the police returns reported Tuesday night.

This was conceded at Sullivan headquarters late yesterday and indicates that Sherman's net plurality in the state will be about 15,000.

No official statement has come from Mr. Sullivan conceding Senator Sherman's reelection. As the official canvass was being completed in the 101 downstate counties, however, the assurance became available that Senator Sherman's election is practically unassailable.

**Sherman Net Gain 13.**  
The Cook county official canvass yesterday proceeded through fifty-five precincts in the First, Fourth, and Fifth wards. As compared with the police returns, the totals last night showed a net gain for Sherman of thirteen votes. This count shattered any hope in the Sullivan headquarters that the official totals might demonstrate a substantial increase in Sullivan's Cook county plurality.

The latest compilation of the vote on the state ticket showed that the entire list of Republicans had been elected. Complete returns from 63 out of 101 downstate counties outside of Cook gave Republican, for state treasurer, a plurality of 31,000. Cook county gave Clifford, Democrat, a plurality of 15,577.

**Blair Ahead 38,000.**  
Complete returns from 93 out of 101 downstate counties gave Blair, Republican, for state superintendent of public instruction, a plurality of 38,000. Cook county gave Moore, Democrat, a plurality of 6,087.

Complete returns from 94 counties out of 101 downstate, gave Vail, Republican, for clerk of the Supreme court, 25,000 plurality over Crawford, Democrat. Cook county gave Crawford a plurality of 2,535.

For congressmen at large, the returns from sixty-nine downstate counties and from Cook gave these totals:

Chapfield, 221,541; Davis, 236,378; Williams, 277,380; Sullivan, 253,379.

The figures indicate that Chipfield and Williams have been elected, and Congressman Williams in a telegram to the Associated Press last night, claims that he has defeated J. McCan, Davis being the question. The Democrats concede the election of Chipfield.

**One Man May Control Senate.**  
The composition of the legislature yet is doubtful. As nearly as can be ascertained, the Republicans have elected seventy-eight members of the lower house. It is claimed that Henry W. Austin has defeated Joseph Strauss for the senate in the twenty-third senatorial district by twelve votes.

Austin is a Republican and Strauss a Democrat. If Strauss is elected, the Democrats will have an even twenty-six votes, or a constitutional majority of the senate. If Austin is elected, George W. Harris of Evanston, the solitary Progressive in the senate, will hold the absolute balance of power, the Republicans and Democrats holding twenty-five senators each.

Watchers for Dennis J. Egan, defeated by the police returns for member of the board of assessors, claim that he will be returned a winner by the official figures.

**"UNCLE JOE" SUES FOR LIBEL.**  
Cannon Asks \$25,000 Damages from Danville Press as Result of Political Campaign.

Danville, Ill., Nov. 6.—(Special.)—Joseph G. Cannon Tuesday filed a praecipe in the Circuit court here, asking \$25,000 damages from the Danville Press-Democrat charging libel. The suit is a result of the political campaign.

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## At the Free Chrysanthemum Show.



EDITH BRAMAN

The annual chrysanthemum show of the West Chicago park commissioners will be opened at the Garfield park conservatory—in Garfield park, just north of Lake street and between Central Park and Hamilton avenues—commencing on Nov. 8 and continuing until Nov. 22. The conservatory will be opened to the public from 8 a. m. until 10 p. m. daily. The feature of this show is the splendid collection, representing over 300 varieties in about 3,000 specimens, in all types and colors represented in chrysanthemums.

## SAYS ALL PROGRESSIVES WILL GET INTO ONE PARTY

Victor Murdock Declares Forces Will Gather Around Organization of Roosevelt Men.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Declaring that the progressive elements in American politics were divided by the election Tuesday, Representative Victor Murdock, progressive leader in the house and defeated candidate for United States senator, says the next step in political evolution is the breaking of the "solid south" and an alignment that will bring progressives of all parties together.

**SOLON STILL UNFIT FOR JOB.**  
Three Doctors Report Adversely on Man Who Wants Street Superintendency.

The report of the medical board which recently examined Frank W. Solon was presented yesterday to Commissioner of Public Works McGinn. At the end of his year's leave of absence, Oct. 1, Solon reported for reinstatement in his position as superintendent of streets. His furlough had been taken because of bad health, and the three physicians who examined him found him still physically unfit for the duties of his office. Commissioner McGinn indicated Solon would not be restored to duty.

**CUMMINS WINS BY 42,348.**  
Senator Re-elected from Iowa—Clarke, Republican, Beats Hamilton, Democrat, for Governor.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 6.—Complete unofficial returns from every county in the state today placed the plurality of Senator Albert B. Cummins, Republican, over Maurice Connelly, Democrat, at 42,348. Cummins received 205,481 and Connelly 153,133.

**NEBRASKA BEATS SUFFRAGE.**  
Omaha, Neb., Nov. 6.—Incomplete figures show that the proposed woman suffrage amendment to the state constitution has been defeated by at least 5,000 votes.

**ALD. T. K. LONG READY TO QUIT.**  
Announces He Will Stick to Promise to Leave Council at End of His Third Term.

Ald. Theodore K. Long yesterday announced he will not be a candidate for reelection next April. The announcement was in accordance with his pre-election declaration two years ago that he would leave the council at the end of his third term. He sent his announcement to Roy O. West, head of the Sixth ward Republican organization, so that ample time may be allowed to select a candidate to succeed him.

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Announces He Will Stick to Promise to Leave Council at End of His Third Term.

## DOUBT PASSAGE OF BOND ISSUE FOR GOOD ROADS

County Officials Are Puzzled Over Ambiguity of Statute.

Did the good roads bond issue pass? County officials and members of the Associated Good Roads organization are seeking light on the question. Attorneys who have considered the problem will not venture an opinion.

Robert W. Dunn, attorney for the good roads organization, said yesterday he would advise his clients to have the validity of the issue tested in the Supreme court. Mr. Dunn expressed the view that the ambiguity of the statute would make it impossible to sell the bonds unless the Supreme court placed its O. K. on the legality of the issue.

**Majority of All Votes?**  
One interpretation of the law under which the election was held would make it necessary for the bond issue to receive a majority of all the votes cast at the election.

If this interpretation is correct, the \$2,000,000 good roads bond issue failed. The vote on the proposition was: Yes, 219,336; no, 158,286. There were 468,500 ballots cast in the county election, according to the unofficial returns. A majority of all the votes cast would, therefore, be more than 231,700.

Certain parts of the law, however, seem to indicate that such a bond issue requires only a majority of those voting on the proposition. On this theory the good roads proposition passed.

**Would Be Hard to Sell Bonds.**  
"The 1913 law is incomplete and unsatisfactory," said Mr. Dunn. "Its ambiguity is such that it would probably be difficult to sell the bonds even if they were issued. There are two courses open. One is to make a test case and take it to the Supreme court, and the other is to submit the proposition to the voters next spring in the hope of getting a majority of all the votes cast."

"It would probably be better to have the Supreme court pass on the law first before we take any other steps. Then we will know where we stand."

"The county board could direct the county clerk to extend the tax in the manner provided by law, and then an injunction suit could be started. This would doubtless be the best manner in which to bring the question before the Supreme court."

**This Caused the Trouble.**  
It is one sentence in the 1913 act that caused all the difficulty. This sentence says:

"If a majority of all the ballots cast at said election shall be in favor of the special permanent road tax, it shall be the duty of the county board to direct the county clerk to extend such tax against all taxable property."

Almost identically the same language was used in a similar act passed in 1888. The question involved was passed on by the Supreme court in 1912. The court said:

"While a majority of those voting upon the proposition voted in favor of the hard road tax, the proposition was lost because it failed to receive a majority of all ballots cast at the election at which the proposition was submitted. The levy of this tax was therefore illegal and the court should have sustained appellant's objection thereto."

## ADKINS BOOMED FOR DUNNE'S JOB

Former Speaker May Find a Rival for Republican Nomination.

Charles Adkins, of Bement, former speaker of the Illinois house of representatives, is to be the farmer-labor candidate for the Republican nomination for governor.

This gossip, floating around ever since the size of the Republican "comeback" downstate was indicated by the election returns, approached the proportions of a formal boom yesterday and the official candidacy of the former speaker may be announced at any time.

**Agreed to His Support?**  
It is understood that a tentative arrangement was reached in Peoria about the time of the state convention of the Illinois Federation of Labor, to the effect that Mr. Adkins would be "considered" strongly in the event that the election returns showed the passing of the Progressive party and a genuine chance for the election of a Republican governor in 1916 to succeed Gov. Dunne.

The supposition rests with the Republican politicians that Mr. Adkins, if he becomes an active candidate, will have the vote of the farmer-labor support of Congressman-elect William B. McKinley, in whose district the former speaker has been and is still a formidable factor in the Republican organization.

Mr. Adkins was all ready to start as a gubernatorial candidate in the primary fight of 1912, but kept out after the field became so well filled.

**Lowden Being Suggested.**  
Frank O. Lowden is being suggested by active Republicans all through the state as a Republican candidate. It will be no surprise to Republican leaders when Col. Lowden's candidacy is announced, and the report is that the present activity of the friends of former Speaker Adkins is chargeable somewhat to the feeling that a Lowden organization will be in operation considerably before the Christmas holidays.

Chicago majority possibilities are to be considered tentatively at a roundup of Democratic county leaders at French Lick Springs. The exodus already has begun, of the party managers, particularly those affiliated closely with Roger C. Sullivan, and by the middle of next week the most of them will be in Indiana "resting" from their election labors.

Before they get back to Chicago the bulk of the county patronage to be disposed of by the incoming administration will be arranged in all likelihood.

**NEW 'YARDS' WATER SYSTEM  
UP TO PROPERTY OWNERS.**

Mayor Holds Conference with Officials of District on Placing High Pressure Mains There.

The question whether the stock yards district shall have a high pressure water system was put squarely up to the property owners in the district yesterday.

A conference between Mayor Harrison, Commissioner of Public Works McGinn, and representatives of the Union Stock Yards company, the packing houses, and the central manufacturing district, was held in the mayor's office. The subject under discussion was whether these interests would give the city the right to lay mains in the private streets of this section of the city and levy special assessments for the cost of installation.

"We have plans drawn for a \$1,000,000 high pressure system for the district," said Commissioner McGinn. "Now it is up to the property owners."

**Tammany Attitude a Worry.**  
The president's greatest concern is over the attitude of the Tammany delegation from New York. Congressman John J. Fitzgerald, chairman of the appropriation committee, will attempt to manipulate this group, known as his "reserves," in such a way as to obtain the best results for Tammany hall.

President Wilson has crossed swords with Tammany since he entered politics. Until Tuesday he thought he had the Tiger whipped. The election of Whitman to the governorship of New York, combined with Tammany's friendship for him as against Wilson, undoubtedly will make Whitman a strong candidate for the Republican nomination in 1916.

Naturally President Wilson is anxious to placate Tammany.

## WILSON FACING PARTY FRICTION AND A SOLUTION

Hopes to Heal Differences and Push Through Legislation He Favors.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]  
Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.—(Special.)—President Wilson is devoting his entire attention now to plans for the future of the Democratic party.

The president is absorbing the advice of cabinet members and his intimate friends on the best way to proceed. Notwithstanding the overly optimistic statements issued by his followers on the outcome of Tuesday's election, the president realizes he will have a troublesome body of Democratic congressmen in Washington on Dec. 1. He is endeavoring to hit on some scheme to relieve the soreness existing among the defeated Democrats.

The patronage bait is gone, however. He has distributed practically all of the worth while places except the federal trade commission and one vacancy on the industrial commission. Places on the former cannot be filled by members of congress and the remuneration attached to the latter is so small that defeated members looking to the administration to reimburse them for their loss would not be likely to consider it.

**Wants to Avoid Friction.**  
The president wants to handle the defeated wing of the Democracy in such a way as will prevent any factional outbreak before March 4. He has not decided whether to attempt this by asking for the passage of more legislation or by urging the passage of appropriation bills only during the approaching short session.

The president is inclined to believe the future welfare of his party can be taken care of better through a healing of differences within the party than through more legislation. He realizes, however, that he is facing a hard task.

Northern Democrats who were re-elected will return to Washington determined to contest with the members from the solid south for influence and position in the house. Up to the present time the southerners have run over them rough shod. Now, however, the northerners are prepared to dictate terms or revolt.

President Wilson is strongly southern in his sympathies and theories. He has chosen his lieutenants from the southern contingent in congress. He favors the election of a southern member to succeed Majority Leader Underwood in the house. But already he has heard that the north is determined to have something to say about this selection.

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## EX-BROKERS SUE PATTEN FOR LOSS IN OATS CORNER

Sunk \$100,000 in 1902 and  
Ask Treble Damages Under  
Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

New York, Nov. 6.—(Special.)—James A. Patten, the former cotton king, who recently was fined \$4,000 for violating the Sherman law by engineering a corner in cotton in 1910, is the main defendant in a civil suit brought under the Sherman law in the United States district court today by Charles Waite of Chicago and Robert Henry Thornton of this city. The suit has to do with the oats corner of July, 1902, which Patten is also said to have manipulated.

The plaintiffs formerly were members of the firm of Waite, Thornton & Co., grain commission merchants and members of the Chicago board of trade, who were caught in the oats corner. They say that they were damaged to the extent of \$100,000 by alleged conspiracy and ask treble damages of \$300,000 under the Sherman law.

Other Defendants in Suit.  
The lapse of time between the acts complained of and the bringing of the suit is probably due to the fact that until Patten was indicted for his cotton pool operations by the federal authorities the manipulation of a speculative pool or corner was not considered illegal.

The defendants named in the suit besides Mr. Patten are William H. Bartlett, now of New Mexico, and Frank P. Frazer of this city. They were members of the firm of Bartlett, Frazer & Co., grain brokers of Chicago. This concern, according to the complaint, was one of the numerous companies associated with Patten in his conspiracy to raise the price of oats.

The complaint states that in pursuance of the conspiracy the defendants and unknown conspirators bought up the entire available supply of the various brands of new style oats in Chicago warehouses for delivery in July, 1902. This supply, the complaint says, amounted to 1,250,000 bushels, in addition to which the defendants took up 10,000,000 bushels above the visible supply.

Made "Artificial" Prices.  
As the transactions in the oat pit maintained by the Chicago board of trade fix the market price throughout the country, the complaint says the defendants, after buying up the available supply, were enabled to raise prices to "extortionate, unreasonable, and artificial" figures, to the injury of merchants, dealers, manufacturers, and consumers throughout the country.

The complaint charges that the defendants, through their alleged monopoly, were able at one time to raise prices to 70 cents a bushel and maintain an average price of 64 cents a bushel until the close of the July market.

All the transactions of the defendants and their unnamed associates in the oat pit taken secretly, the complaint says, all the parties to the pool binding themselves not to sell what they had bought save at the agreed price.

Plaintiffs Lost Similar Suit.  
John S. Wise Jr. of 20 Broad street, attorney for the plaintiffs, said today that a suit growing out of the same oat corner had been decided favorably by the superior court of Cook county, Ill., in 1905, but had later been reversed by the Supreme court of the state.

In this suit the same defendants sought to enjoin the Chicago board of trade and the Bank of Chicago from delivering over their margin certificates.

In a collateral decision in the Patten cotton corner case in January, 1913, the Supreme court of the United States held pools to be illegal. The following month Patten pleaded guilty to the charge against him before Judge Mayer in the United States district court here. Later four of his associates pleaded no contest and were fined \$4,000 each.

DE LUXE BOOK MEN ARE HIT.  
W. J. Hartley and J. J. Farmer, convicted of Mail Frauds, Sentenced to Two Years.

New York, Nov. 6.—William J. Hartley and James J. Farmer, recently convicted of using the mails to defraud purchasers of rare books, were sentenced today to serve terms of two years in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta. The Anglo-American Authors' association, a corporation composed of the defendants and others, was fined \$2,000.

Counsel for Hartley and Farmer filed with the court a writ or error which acts as a stay, and bail was fixed at \$10,000 each.

The extent of the swindle charged against the defendants and others tried with them was approximately \$10,000,000, according to the government's experts.

**Books You Will Want to Know**  
**THE WONDERFUL ROMANCE**  
By Pierre de Coulevain.  
By the Author of "On the Branch".

This is a time when we want a book to remind us that there is still much good in the world; that beauty may be concealed but cannot be destroyed; that happiness may be hidden but cannot be lost; that there is a possible smile behind the bitterest tears. Here is such a book. \$1.35 net.

**RECOLLECTIONS OF FULL YEARS**  
By Mrs. Wm. H. Taft.  
Most entertaining reminiscences of official life and the inner side of official life, in the Philippines, at Washington, and in the White House, by the wife of one of our most distinguished Americans. Illustrated. \$3.50 net.

**THE CHARM OF IRELAND** By Burton E. Stevenson.  
A chatty, intimate and veracious account of a recent devious journey through Ireland which make a charming book and gives a clear picture of modern Ireland and the Irish. With many illustrations. \$2.50 net.

**GERMANY'S MADNESS** By Dr. Emil Reich.  
A revelation, by Prof. Reich, late of the University of Vienna, of the processes by which many Germans have come to the belief that it is Germany's destiny to rule the world. \$1.00 net.

Just Published. For Sale at All Bookstores.  
Publishers DODD, MEAD & COMPANY New York

## France's Frenchified Paradise Lost.

BY ELIA W. PRATTIE.

NATOLE FRANCE, though he has just celebrated his seventieth birthday, is still laughing. In his satiric novel, "THE REVOLT OF THE ANGELS" (John Lane company), he enjoys himself by laughing at theology, superstition, fear, hope, and formulae. That he laughs bravely must be acknowledged, too. He is the master of satire, and his mockery is very like the siege guns of the Germans. It shatters fortresses as easily as huts. He is a liberator, but unfortunately he holds in contempt those he would manumit.

As for the story itself, it has to do with Dolly, with her guardian angel, and with conspiracy. It takes the theme that Milton took, and plays with it as a dog plays with a rat. It is complex, long, sinister, and sardonic—the work of a technologist, not of a poet, of a clear, unemotional mind, who, like some dry asiduous dog sits on drought-stricken hills and watches the throng of men in the valleys below. It will add to the reputation of M. France. It will be called a great satire. It will awaken the sympathetic laughter of the truly witty. And, believe me, it leaves the world strangely chill, like a certain rock I know of in the Berkshires, where the wind has swept everything from the top and left it the prey of lightning. The hill is exhilarating for a few minutes. But folk are always in a hurry to get away before dark.

Rollin Lynde had did not, of course, select his own name. But it must have been given him by prophetic parents, for it admirably suits the mood of blithe inquisitiveness with which he approaches the world. Of all American writers, he is, perhaps, the most high spirited. He enjoys what he sees and hears, he writes about it with such enthusiasm that the reader contracts enthusiasm from him.

"UNDERSTANDING THE FRENCH" is his latest volume. (Published by McBride, Nast & Co.) In it he says pretty much what he pleases. In every paragraph he disagrees with popular opinion concerning the French. He regards them as less clever and far wiser than it is the custom to think them; he says they bring up their children badly; he believes them to be really religious; he finds them full of logical methods; and he declares they make good friends and gorgeous enemies.

"Of almost any Frenchman," he writes, "I think you may say without exaggeration: 'He was strong in body, despite most untoward circumstances; serious in mind, though capable of infinite jollity; gifted with rare genius, albeit of a technical rather than a practical order; artistic, and, therefore, a little morose; in morals no different, but at the same time no hypocrite; religious, and all the more so if his religion consisted in a passionate hatred of all religion whatsoever; fiery in his love of children, of glory, and of sociability; and, in addition, a most unscrupulous exploit when cruelly used or when assailed in his principles.'"

"In a word, he was human, and if he had his weaknesses, he nevertheless displayed a hardihood, a tenacity, and a romantic idealism that won him the love and admiring remembrance of all who knew him well."

Mr. Hartt is perfectly lucid when he writes about the Independents, whose pictures he so distinctly a world of well organized art. Of the Cubists, the Futurists, the Post-Impressionists, and the Orphists he has this to say:

"Outrageous fellows, who could not paint if they would and would not if they could, they conspire to fill some forty-four portable picture galleries (set all in a row, down by the Seine) with 'horrors' who would never in your maddest mad moments conceive of blasphemies against beauty, insults to intelligence, and incredible efforts to decency. No doubt you remember the specimens imported for America. Those were mild, most unrepresentatively mild, whereas the prevalent immoralities of a Salon des Independents were of a more serious nature, with state's prison sentences."

Mr. Hartt's preface is, on one occasion at least, somewhat negligent. He is talking about French pronunciation and he says: "The French 'h' is an all but inaudible click, whose occurrence is indicated mainly by the omission of a liaison." Tut, tut, Mr. Hartt! Would a Frenchman omit that? Or what were you thinking of when you endeavored to write "elision"?

Rose O'Neill has "THE KEMPKE KUT-OUTS" on an eager market with pictures that entrance the heart of the little ones and verities that lure them on into story land. Never did any one understand the adorable contortions of children's bodies and minds as does this laughing Big Sister of the little folk. (Stokes.)

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Just Published. For Sale at All Bookstores.  
Publishers DODD, MEAD & COMPANY New York

## Recollections of a Great German Singer.

BY JEANNETTE L. GILDER.

BOOK that I have been waiting for for months, ever since I saw it first announced in Germany, is "MY PATH THROUGH LIFE," by Lilli Lehmann. (Putnam.) Every page of this book is interesting. Two American readers will be particularly interested in Mrs. Lehmann's American experiences. She came here first in 1885 to sing at the Metropolitan Opera house. She had some trouble with her managers in Germany and suspected that they were more than anxious to have her come to this country. Mrs. Lehmann gives an amusing story of the reason for building the Metropolitan Opera house:

"Up to this time the home of the opera had been in the Academy of Music, an elegant opera house in Fourteenth street, with fine acoustics. But as on a particular evening one of the beautiful millionaires intended to receive the box in which she intended to shine because another beautiful woman had anticipated her, the husband of the former took prompt action and caused the Metropolitan Opera house to arise, wherein his beloved wife might dance with the nobles of the world, and the old Academy of Music was quickly forgotten."

A good story, but I doubt its authenticity. Mrs. Lehmann's season in America was not without its struggles. Edmund Stanton, a young gentleman recruited from the ranks of society, was the manager or "intendant" of the Metropolitan Opera house when Mrs. Lehmann first sang there. He was a novice at the business, and confusion and the scenes were so bad that Mrs. Lehmann vowed that she would not sing any further. "Some time," she writes, "I swore in pure German—I am aware it was not ladylike—but 'as of life itself, it is unexpectedness.' The only way to test a man is to marry him. If you live it's a mushroom and if you die it's a toadstool. Or, as another saying goes: 'Happiness after marriage is like the soap in the bathtub. You know it was there when you got in.'"

Then she continues: "If a woman goes on happily in her chosen work, with the joy of it still sustaining her, she has found the exceptional man who will share equally with her the mischances of housekeeping and home-making. If she forges ahead with difficulty, if her bitterer success is as dust and ashes in her mouth, she has chosen the average man, who holds her entirely responsible for her home and claims himself free. It is only a strong and self-centered woman who can go on without the unflinching sympathy of the man she loves."

This booklet discusses men's clothes as women's clothes, home-making and dress-making. "The women who have concentrated their energies upon their chosen work have given us hope for the work of women." Then she adds, "We may observe that Sarah Bernhardt does not wash dishes." Women who have become famous through their talents have had to concentrate themselves, for they could not have developed their talents had they given themselves over to such domestic talents as here named.

Quitter for a Hero.  
"THE QUITTER," by Jacob Fisher. (Winston.) The hero, an easy going, nice sort of chap, is told by the girl to whom he proposes marriage that he doesn't have enough stamina, lacks grit and stick-to-itiveness; in short, that he is a quitter. This arouses his ambition, and he goes to the far north, with the idea of proving himself worthy of her. He leads a strenuous life up there, but whether he ever returns to claim the hand of the girl he left behind is for the reader of the book to find out. The story is well written and is quite interesting, but it contains many things that do not seem probable.

**Have You Read These Novels?**  
**THE STREET OF SEVEN STARS**  
By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART  
A love story of two young Americans in Vienna. "Mrs. Rinehart's finest work."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph. \$1.25 net.

**THE WITCH**  
By MARY JOHNSTON  
A fascinating story of the days of Queen Elizabeth, written in Miss Johnston's richest vein of imaginative insight. Frontispiece by N. C. Wyeth. \$1.40 net.

**THE POET**  
By MEREDITH NICHOLSON  
"Not since Henry Harland told us the story of the gentle Cardinal and his snuffbox have we had anything as idyllic as 'The Poet.'"—N. Y. Evening Sun. Illustrated. \$1.30 net.

**THE CLARION**  
By SAMUEL H. ADAMS  
"One of the most interestingly stirring stories of little life yet published. . . vividly told and of burning interest."—Herald Tribune. Public Ledger. \$1.55 net.

**PRIVATE AFFAIRS**  
By CHARLES McVOY  
"Every one of Mr. McVoy's characters palpitates with life, and they are all the more real because he never allows himself to prejudice us either for or against them."—Boston Transcript. \$1.25 net.

**A KNIGHT ON WHEELS**  
By IAN HAY  
"Full of high spirits and whimsicalities, with just enough serious touches to make it real, and some delightful characters."—New York Times. \$1.35 net.

**HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CO.**

**Harold Bell Wright has written an unusual story, says The Portland Oregonian.**  
It is that rare event, a pure love story. The Birmingham Age-Herald says there is not one dull page in it. The San Francisco Chronicle says it is full of keen interest. The Grand Rapids Herald says it is the most intense and dramatic novel of today.

**THE EYES OF THE WORLD**  
Beyond a doubt, says The Kansas City Star, the author has written a book that will rank with "The Shepherd of the Hills," and "The Winning of Barbara Worth." The Albany Argus says Mr. Wright's latest novel is far ahead of any previous one. The Terre Haute Star says it represents the best of the new order of fiction that has marked all of Mr. Wright's novels.

Illustrations in Colors, \$1.35 At All Bookstores  
The Book Supply Company, Chicago

## In the Field of LITERARY ENDEAVOR

must admit that I had not perceived anything especially impure, in spite of my keen ear. Today, indeed, when my sense of pitch has been enormously refined by study, I would be able to hear that which Thomas heard then."

Thomas was a man to whom Mrs. Lehmann would like to erect a monument. "For he was a sound kernel in a rough husk," she writes, "and his idealism was as exalted to him as mine is to me. I cannot say that he was a graceful conductor, but his orchestra understood him, and he made no concessions to the American public when he wished to instruct it, by sparing it anything he proposed to carry through."

Touring in America with the hard work of singing in the opera proved too much for Mrs. Lehmann and she broke down. She writes that she had a feeling of dissolution to the universe. She was not able to turn over in bed and her nerves were on edge, but her appetite was unimpaired. Her body was exhausted by nervous strain, but she brought her back to a normal condition this is how she was fed:

"Two beefsteaks, from four to six eggs, fruit, and comote were given me every day to eat and a bottle of beef tea, three spoonfuls of champagne and cognac daily to drink, all of which I took eagerly for months before I could take again of feeling replete. Afterwards I called my illness 'an attack of gluttony.' I was overwhelmed with delicacies of every kind, and with the most superb fruit and flowers."

Mrs. Lehmann's book is very intimate, very lively, and very instructive. An essay on "A Woman's Career" by the late Myrtle Reed was recently found among her manuscripts and will be published in book form by her long time publishers, the Messrs. Putnam. The essay, like everything that Myrtle Reed wrote, is permeated with her peculiar humor. The book, though a small one, is full of bright thoughts. The subject of "Marriage for Women Who Have a Career" is humorously discussed. "The great charm of marriage," writes Miss Reed, "as of life itself, it is unexpectedness."

The only way to test a man is to marry him. If you live it's a mushroom and if you die it's a toadstool. Or, as another saying goes: 'Happiness after marriage is like the soap in the bathtub. You know it was there when you got in.'"

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This booklet discusses men's clothes as women's clothes, home-making and dress-making. "The women who have concentrated their energies upon their chosen work have given us hope for the work of women." Then she adds, "We may observe that Sarah Bernhardt does not wash dishes." Women who have become famous through their talents have had to concentrate themselves, for they could not have developed their talents had they given themselves over to such domestic talents as here named.

Quitter for a Hero.  
"THE QUITTER," by Jacob Fisher. (Winston.) The hero, an easy going, nice sort of chap, is told by the girl to whom he proposes marriage that he doesn't have enough stamina, lacks grit and stick-to-itiveness; in short, that he is a quitter. This arouses his ambition, and he goes to the far north, with the idea of proving himself worthy of her. He leads a strenuous life up there, but whether he ever returns to claim the hand of the girl he left behind is for the reader of the book to find out. The story is well written and is quite interesting, but it contains many things that do not seem probable.

**Have You Read These Novels?**  
**THE STREET OF SEVEN STARS**  
By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART  
A love story of two young Americans in Vienna. "Mrs. Rinehart's finest work."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph. \$1.25 net.

**THE WITCH**  
By MARY JOHNSTON  
A fascinating story of the days of Queen Elizabeth, written in Miss Johnston's richest vein of imaginative insight. Frontispiece by N. C. Wyeth. \$1.40 net.

**THE POET**  
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"Not since Henry Harland told us the story of the gentle Cardinal and his snuffbox have we had anything as idyllic as 'The Poet.'"—N. Y. Evening Sun. Illustrated. \$1.30 net.

**THE CLARION**  
By SAMUEL H. ADAMS  
"One of the most interestingly stirring stories of little life yet published. . . vividly told and of burning interest."—Herald Tribune. Public Ledger. \$1.55 net.

**PRIVATE AFFAIRS**  
By CHARLES McVOY  
"Every one of Mr. McVoy's characters palpitates with life, and they are all the more real because he never allows himself to prejudice us either for or against them."—Boston Transcript. \$1.25 net.

**A KNIGHT ON WHEELS**  
By IAN HAY  
"Full of high spirits and whimsicalities, with just enough serious touches to make it real, and some delightful characters."—New York Times. \$1.35 net.

**HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CO.**

**Harold Bell Wright has written an unusual story, says The Portland Oregonian.**  
It is that rare event, a pure love story. The Birmingham Age-Herald says there is not one dull page in it. The San Francisco Chronicle says it is full of keen interest. The Grand Rapids Herald says it is the most intense and dramatic novel of today.

**THE EYES OF THE WORLD**  
Beyond a doubt, says The Kansas City Star, the author has written a book that will rank with "The Shepherd of the Hills," and "The Winning of Barbara Worth." The Albany Argus says Mr. Wright's latest novel is far ahead of any previous one. The Terre Haute Star says it represents the best of the new order of fiction that has marked all of Mr. Wright's novels.

Illustrations in Colors, \$1.35 At All Bookstores  
The Book Supply Company, Chicago

## New Books on the War.

Any great catastrophe, such as the present war, always brings out a multitude of books more or less hastily thrown together to meet the popular demand for information as to its causes and suggestions as to its probable outcome. Such a book is "THE RUSSIAN ARMY FROM WITHIN" (George H. Doran company, New York). The author, W. Barnes Stevan, obtained his information while serving as correspondent in Russia for English papers during a long period of years. The book is written in the style of the news gatherer, and is readable and interesting. It is set forth the military strength of the Russian empire, explanations of its failure in the Manchurian campaign, and reasons why it should succeed in the present war. Mr. Stevan is an admirer of things Russian, and his narrative is written in a sympathetic vein. In spite of occasional instances of misinformation, such as his statements that in an army corps is contained from 200,000 to 300,000 men, when it probably does not exceed 80,000, and that "every Japanese soldier in Manchuria was supplied with an accurate map of the country being operated over," which obviously is not the case, the book is instructive and well worth reading.

Another book of a similar type is "THE GERMAN ARMY FROM WITHIN" (George H. Doran company, New York), written by an English officer who spent some years as a young boy in a German cadet school and later as a lieutenant in a Prussian cavalry regiment. He does not give his name, but is described as a distinguished English officer. In his efforts to show that the reputation of the German army has been overstated the author has exhibited a degree of prejudice to an unbiased reader seriously injures his case. When he states that "one British Tommy is equal to three Germans of the same rank" he forfeits the right to be considered seriously. He inveighs against the iniquity of German militarism, forgetting that to the German, as well as to many others, English militarism is not quite as pronounced and not one whit less wicked. Because none of the present German military chiefs have been tried in actual war, he is confident that they are void of the general leadership and that their armies are doomed to failure.

While the book is readable and interesting, it is seriously marred by the egotism of the author, is of doubtful dependence as a source of information, and is actually harmful to the cause of genuine fact. The fantastically whimsical plot constantly draws forth chuckles of pure enjoyment.—Chicago Tribune

**LOVE INSURANCE**  
a novel by Earl Derr Biggers, author of "Seven Keys to Baldpate." \$1.25 net. At All Bookellers. The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Publishers

With true Stockton touch the author of *Love Insurance* has clothed utmost absurdities in the guise of genuine fact. The fantastically whimsical plot constantly draws forth chuckles of pure enjoyment.—Chicago Tribune

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## Juvenile Books Received.

"The Podgy-Puppy Book," "The Naughty Noddy Book," "The Mischievous Mouse Book," "The Daring Duckie Book," "The Busy Bumble Book," "The Cuddly Kitty Book," "The Master Mouse," "John Dierick," "The Blue Bird," "Grimm's Fairy Tales," "Robinson Crusoe," "Old Mother Goose," "Pity Rivalry," "Twinkle Tale Stories," "The Story of Florence Nightingale," "The Book of Fables," "The Bugaboo Men." Takes mostly for the very young. The illustrations are colored and attractive. Sully & Kleinfeld, New York.

"Songs of Sixpence," Abbie Farwell Brown. Houghton, Mifflin Co.  
"Rocky's New School," John Oxenham. Lippincott Co.  
"Remember the Alamo," Edward S. Ellis. John C. Winston Co.  
"Adventures of Jerry Muskrat," "Adventures of My Mosquito," Thornton W. Burgess. Little, Brown & Co.  
"Remember Rhymes," A. A. and E. B. Knipe. Hearst International Library Company.

"Fairmount's Quartet," Etta A. Baker. Little, Brown & Co.  
"The Light Bringers," Mary H. Wade. Little, Brown & Co.  
"Bert Wilson in the Rockies," J. W. Duffield. Sully & Kleinfeld.  
"The Lucky Stone," Abbie Farwell Brown. Century company.  
"The Winds of Deal," Latta Griswold. Macmillan company.

"A Hero of the Mutiny," Escott Lynn. Lippincott company.  
"Flower Babies' Book," "Butterfly Babies' Book," Rand, McNally & Co.  
"Jean Cabot in Cap and Gown," Gertrude F. Scott. Lothrop, Lee & Shepard.  
"Wild Kindred," Jean M. Thompson; Boy Scouts in White Mountains, Walter P. Eaton; "Elizabeth, Betsy, and Bea," Amy Blanchard; "In Camp at Fort Brady," Lewis E. Theles; "Beth's Wonder Winter," Marion A. Taggart; "Cinders," Hugh C. Weir. W. A. Wilde & Co.

"Ned Brewster's Caribou Hunt," C. J. Hawkins. Little, Brown & Co.  
"Lefty of the Bush," Burt L. Standish. Bares & Hopkins.  
"Handicapped," Homer Green. Houghton-Mifflin company.

With true Stockton touch the author of *Love Insurance* has clothed utmost absurdities in the guise of genuine fact. The fantastically whimsical plot constantly draws forth chuckles of pure enjoyment.—Chicago Tribune

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# BOOKS AND THE PEOPLE WHO WRITE THEM

## Marriage, Marriage Is Theme of Novelists.

BY AUDRE ALSPAUGH.

EMINENCE have with us always in one manifestation or another. The book of matrimony, which has for so long a time tossed dangerously near the reefs of "rights" and freedom, is now sailing a straight, fair course for the matrimonial harbor. The anxiety of the present is not how to strain away from the anchorage of the wedding knot, but rather how best to reach the marriage port, and having once arrived, to stay there securely. Some of the very representative novels of the season reflect with a wholesome saneness the national feminine instinct for attaining marriage and the intelligent desire for maintaining it satisfactorily.

The latter type of book is the best, perhaps for many a season is Josephine Bacon's masterly handling of the subject in "TODAY'S DAUGHTER" (Appleton). This volume is something in the manner of a continuation of her earlier book, "The Strange Case of Dr. Ransom," with the abnormal reduced to the broader and more general scope of the normal. Through the shrewd and penetrating eyes of the wise old doctor we get the diagnosis of the matrimonial malady of a little circle of representative women; we see them put the treatments advised into practice, with the corresponding results of happiness or health. The main thread of the story is Lucia Standish's life through the experiences of her marriage, motherhood, domestic arrangements, and final adjustment to the life of compromise. Lucia is obsessed by the notion that as a paid employee of a prison reform movement she is far more important than her home job, and she tries to swing both occupations, to the consequent detriment of the secondary interest.

In the case of other women, too, the difficulty is due largely to the clash of outside interests, either social or logical, with domestic duties, and the striving of all the problems leads to emphasis on the importance and bigness of the home job to the resultant dwarfing of the social and logical interests. Lucia has handled her almost virgin subject with the large wisdom of which she is happily possessed. Knowing as she does her women and her husband, she has recognized the widespread intellectual awakening of women with their almost insatiable desire to swing big things and keep the earth clean—nothing more nor less than the regulation housecleaning of a colossal scale gone rampant. This burning energy she has harnessed to the horses of reason and drawn beyond the levels of petty detail which incorporates the duties of home making for so many women to the heights where home making becomes a mission, a noble task, a great experiment, with opportunities, executive and administrative, as manifold as may be found in any career. The book is wise and sane and makes all illustrations with the author's inimitable cleverness.

Another book along this same line is Ruthless Norris' "SATURDAY'S CHILD" (MacMillan), which the thousands who have encountered in the magazine which it purports a serial course for the last year. I like it better in the book because there were such long gaps between its installments. Now one can follow it and get the concentrated effect of the author's wisdom, understanding, and wholesomeness. Mrs. Norris knows girls, and she has made Susan Brown a very real person, not a prig nor a prude but a likable, lovable girl, prone to make mistakes and feel chagrined, but all the more human because so. In the author's eyes the great adventure is the finding of love, culminating in home and husband and happiness, and she sends her heroine along the path of seeking through the old paths of poverty and the hostilities of wealth until finally she reaches the pleasant fields of service and finds there, with an outlet for her personality, the goal she has sought waiting for her. It is a feminine book, but not sickly sentimental, rather strong and bracing.

London



HERMAN HEGEDORN, Author of "FACES IN THE DAWN."

Of late poets have taken to fiction. John Hilston, the English bard, has done so, and now an American, Mr. Herman Hegedorn, has deserted the muse to write a novel, "FACES IN THE DAWN."

### Bits from Bookland.

"THE NIGHTINGALE," by Ellenor Stothoff (Houghton Mifflin). The tale, sprightly told, of the tired old wife so hardy minded as to go off to Europe for a vacation without leaving any word of her destination and refraining from all communication with her family, except that she would stay until she heard a nightingale sing. Her adventures were many and joyful and her reunion with her husband satisfactory to all concerned.

"JANICE DAY," by Helen Beecher Long (Sully & Kleinteich). A book full of pertinent pointers in its narration of the bright young middle westerner's influence on the indolent eastern relatives with whom she is obliged to live for a time. The way Janice galvanized into activity the slothful ones is interesting, logical, and readable, if somewhat over-colloquially narrated.

"THE LOST BOY," by Henry Van Dyke (Harper's). A little Van Dykean illumination upon the experiences of the boy, Jesus, when he was lost in the city and found among the doctors in the temple.

"THE LIFE OF A LITTLE COLLEGE," by Archibald MacMurray (Houghton Mifflin), is a volume of appreciative and pleasant little essays, many of them reprints from magazines. The one giving its name to the book is in praise of Lyttel College, a Canadian institution, in which the author is an instructor, and among the others are charmingly written opinions about college girls, the aristocracy of Tennessee, Browning's women, Evangeline, Alice in Wonderland, and other things, proving their writer a man of broad and humorous sympathies.

"HANS ANDERSEN'S FAIRY TALES," (Harper's). This lovely edition of one of the choicest collections of tales in all the imagination's treasure house makes the heart glad. Louis Rissard, editor of the series, has gathered together the best of the tales, and has made Susan Brown a very real person, not a prig nor a prude but a likable, lovable girl, prone to make mistakes and feel chagrined, but all the more human because so. In the author's eyes the great adventure is the finding of love, culminating in home and husband and happiness, and she sends her heroine along the path of seeking through the old paths of poverty and the hostilities of wealth until finally she reaches the pleasant fields of service and finds there, with an outlet for her personality, the goal she has sought waiting for her. It is a feminine book, but not sickly sentimental, rather strong and bracing.

"IN FAIRYLAND," by Louey Chisholm (Putnam). A very delightful fairy tale filled with most of the old favorite tales, retold by the author in inviting phraseology, with much of the rather stupid middle between that fill so many stories, left out. There are thirty colored illustrations and very appealing ones, too, made by Katharine Cameron.

## Moderwell's "The Englishman's Solemn Warning to His People"

BY FENIMORE MERRILL.

FINALLY there is an authoritative book on the modern theater. Hiram Kelly, Moderwell, in his "THE THEATRE OF TODAY" (Lane Company), has produced a unique and necessary work. The book is concise, readable, but it is not too short to be remarkably comprehensive and concrete; above all, it is not padded or "faked." Mr. Moderwell knows what he is talking about and knows it from intelligent, first-hand study of the European and American stages. He has the highest ideal for the theater, an institution of today, upon which have been concentrated the arts, the mechanical sciences, the sciences of the age. But there is a newer note than this. The author is a Socialist. The most emphatic point of his book is its stress on the supremacy of the German stage, which sets the pace for the world because it has grown up out of its audience, the great democratic mass.

Bare walls, simple lines, harmonious colors, soft lights—these are part of the stage setting set forth by Adolph Appia, George Puchs, and Gordon Craig. Craig's creed of suggestion rather than representation is his command, "Do not look first at nature, look into the play of the poet." Appia emphasizes the actor by means of new lighting; Puchs' on sets, which keeps the actor always in the foreground, banishing perspective; Craig ordinariness all to the mood of the dramatist. Mr. Moderwell describes the three new types of German stages, the revolving, rolling, and sliding stages. He explains clearly that revolutionary invention, the Fortuny system of reflected light, which combined with the permanent skydome, makes possible absolute realism in outdoor scenes.

The model theater is Berlin's, the Neue Freie Volksbühne, which is owned by its audience of 50,000. In explaining this remarkable institution, Mr. Moderwell tells about Max Littmann's new German theater, the Staatstheater, where every one sees and hears perfectly; he writes with fine practicality about theatrical economics, explaining how \$4,200 a week in London can produce but six plays a season, while in St. Louis the same money results in 100 plays and operas (exclusive only of the opera orchestra).

We read, too, of the color of Leon Bakst and Josef Urban, of the stylization of Craig, Reinhardt, and Stanislavsky of Moscow.

Talking simply about plays as literature, Mr. Moderwell is a bit superficial, probably on account of lack of space. Russian drama he shows to have been chiefly distinguished by moral earnestness, German by emotional vigor, French by technical mastery, and English by intellectual power. The one encouraging thing he has to say about American drama is that it has a future, rather than a past. Occasionally he is unusually prescient, as when he witnesses his observation on the mood of Teckoff plays, "the mood in which one sits for hours before a wood fire, learning to know a friend from remarks dropped at long intervals in the silence."

The reader of "THE THEATRE OF TODAY," who does not know the theater of America may be led astray by Mr. Moderwell's natural enthusiasm for his own group of Bostonians, past and present. It is true that the stage settings of Urban of the Boston opera are the finest ever seen in America; it is undoubtedly that the scenic designs of such men as Livingston Platt and Samuel Hume are of rare beauty; but whether other Boston notables—young critics, scene designers, and a manager or two—are as supreme nationally as this book insinuates, is matter for question.

The professional in the theater, however, cannot help joining the author in recognizing Mr. Moderwell's book as the first of its great scope and one likely to remain the best for years to come.

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The many ludicrous situations in Love Insurance have been handled deftly by Mr. Biggers, author of Seven Keys to Baldpate, and the book is sure to prove popular.—Brooklyn Times

## LOVE INSURANCE

a novel by Earl Derr Biggers, author of Seven Keys to Baldpate. \$1.25 net. At all bookstores.

The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Publishers

BY EDWARD HOWARD GRIGGS Self-Culture through the Vocation 50 cents net. All book stores. B. W. HUEBSCH, Publisher, New York.

## Englishman's Solemn Warning to His People

BY HERBERT CAXTON.

HAT may be called the official apology of Germany on the present war may, perhaps, be summarized thus: Germany is the victim of a conspiracy organized by Great Britain, which has made use of the sentiment of revenge in France and the ambition of Russia in the near east to acquire aid for the crushing of her most formidable rival. In this view Germany is presented before the tribunal of the world conscience "in shining armor." Indeed, but with a sword drawn reluctantly in defense of very existence.

In England the favorite theory of Germany's case presents her as a nation poisoned by arguments, betrayed into ruthless violence by the pride and ambition of a military caste whose head is the emperor, and whose purpose is to conquer the world. England, in this view, is presented as the defender of peace, the promoter of civil tranquility and progress, the champion of constitutional democracy, and international order against militarism, autocracy, and the doctrine of might. There is, however, a considerable middle ground between these two extreme positions, and the most interesting discussions of Anglo-German relations are to be found within this middle ground. Neither German tirades against British perfidy nor British tirades against the tramp of Prussian militarism are edifying or convincing. Truth lies, we are sure, somewhere between.

For this reason a group of lectures by the late J. A. Cramb, professor of history in Queen's college, London, will be widely read. They are now published under the title "GERMANY AND ENGLAND" (P. Dutton & Co.), and derive unusual emphasis from the fact that they are virtually a prediction of "irrepressible conflict" between the two empires. Prof. Cramb's views are also almost unique in being sympathetic with the ideals of imperial Germany as expressed by Bernhardi and Treitschke, despite its Anglo-phobia.

Prof. Cramb takes this group very seriously. Bernhardi's book on "Germany and the Next War," he declares, is "symptomatic," representing "the mood, the conviction, the fervent faith of thousands and tens of thousands of Germans—Prussians, Saxons, Bavarians." Summarizing the German point of view, or, rather, the point of view of the German imperialists, Prof. Cramb says:

If we ask what these desires, ambitions, and aspirations are, the answer is this: Germany, not less than England, it is contended, is dowered with the genius for empire, that power in a race which, like genius in the artist, must either create or destroy its possessor. An empire she once had, centuries before France and England fought. That empire is lost. But in the German race the instinct for empire is as ancient and as deeply rooted as it is in the English race, and in the Germany of the present time, above all, this instinct, by reason of the very strain of the war, is more self-conscious, and vital energy, her sense of deep and repressed forces, is not a mere cloud, but is a solid and impetuous necessity. This is the real driving force in German politics, the essential thing.

Across the path of this force stands England, and the opinion of Germans of this school Prof. Cramb writes:

It is true that among Germans of every rank and class there are men willing to acknowledge

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Nearly all rooms have private bath. Connecting rooms without bath have hot and cold running water. Suites arranged with parlor if so desired.

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HEALTH RESORTS.



# MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

## ANNEX--The Store for Men

HERE is late Fall and Winter Merchandise which possesses **MORE VALUE** and **MERIT** per dollar than anything ever offered in past seasons—because the **GREAT RESULT** of this organization's constant effort is **IMPROVED MERCHANDISE** at the **SAME** or **LOWER** price to our patrons.

### Dashing Style in These Suits for Young Men

## FIELD STANDARD \$25.00

Double breasted and single breasted models with smart slim waists. Also Tartans, Glen Urquhart checks, stripes, browns and mixtures from which to choose.

Style is HAND-TAILORED RIGHT INTO these suits, so that it lives as long as the fabric. A skillful touch here, a master designer's touch there—and there is a rare combination of dash, tone and individuality. These models were designed especially for young men.

Other more conservative Field Standard Suits for older men. The same price—\$25.00.

### Field Spartan Union Suits, Good for Shivery Days, \$1.50

These fine Egyptian Balbriggan Winter-weight garments are our own make. They are warm, yet smooth and non-irritating. Suits here for EVERY physique. Regular and stout sizes.

A point worth remembering—this is an open crotch suit that stays closed when buttoned.



### Young Men's Smart Overcoats \$20.00

Double breasted  
Slim at the waist  
Hugging the shoulders  
Wide lapels and deep broad collars

They represent one of the most desired styles of the year for young men who like the up-to-date.

You can look long and go far without seeing the equal of this Overcoat at the price.

### The Fabric and Pattern and Style for the Individual Taste in These Men's Suits, \$35.00

Soft, dull and brilliant grays. Grays in check effect. Fancy unfinished serges and worsteds and dark colors. Striped and overlaid effects. Fine imported and domestic cloths.

### Christmas Suggestions

A variety of "Down-right comfortable" easy Slippers that will make choosing a pleasure instead of a task. Many colors; a wealth of models.

Knitted Mufflers for dress and street wear.

Monogram belt buckles.

Men's Silk Hose in black and colors—from 50c to \$6.50 a pair.

Handkerchiefs to be embroidered for Christmas should be purchased NOW.

### Attractive Neckwear for Men

The knowledge of being faultlessly correct is assured in selections made from our immense displays. The high class imported novelties shown in unrivaled numbers, together with extensive varieties of the practical staple lines priced from 50c to \$5.00.

Our special priced four-in-hand Ties, 75c.

### Handkerchiefs Are Useful, Common Sense Gifts

Our showing of Men's Handkerchiefs never has been more complete than NOW. You can get what YOU want—whether it be plain, initial, or novelty effects.

Colored Novelty Handkerchiefs. Colored borders, colored centers.

50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

Plain white linen Handkerchiefs, also distinctive colored border effects.

25c to \$5.00 Each.

Initial handkerchiefs—plain white, also with colored initial.

\$1.50 Box of Six.

Scarfs and Mufflers

Crepe de chine Scarfs for evening wear. Black, white or pearl. Have fringe—

\$3.50, \$5.00, \$10.00.

Silk Mufflers of various colors and designs, for street wear with overcoat to protect neck from cold and collar from dirt.

\$1.00 to \$10.00.

### Sweater Coats to Keep You Warm \$5.00

Just the thing for the outdoor man. Here are features you will appreciate on a cold day:

Full fashioned, long wrist with tight fitting cuffs.

Generously deep pockets.

And they are handsome, too. Full-fashioned V neck. Ocean pearl buttons.

Navy, maroon, gray, green and white Coats from which to choose.

Men's Black Wool Hose at 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 up to \$1.75 pair.

Men's Oxford Gray Wool Hose, 50c, 75c.

Men's Fancy Wool Hose, \$1.00, \$1.25 pair.



## Mandel Brothers

The men's shop, second floor

### Brokaw suits and overcoats, \$20

The name Brokaw, in itself, is known from one end of the country to the other as a guaranty of maximum value. This fact becomes of intense interest when \$20 is the price. And there is no limiting of opportunity for every man to adopt a new degree of dignity by wearing Brokaw clothes—at \$20 and at every price there is every size here and every correct style. Other Brokaw suits, \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45; other Brokaw overcoats, \$25, \$30, \$35 and up to \$68. Second floor.



### Brokaw silk-lined overcoats at \$25

—fine oxford gray and black unfinished worsted coats that are lined throughout with high grade pure silk. Only best made-to-measure coats at double a \$25 price can afford a good comparison.

High class hand-tailoring makes Brokaw overcoats and suits models of perfection—a perfection splendidly evidenced in a refinement that is liberally lent to all men who don Brokaw clothes. Brokaw garments are of finest foreign and domestic wools, woven for Brokaw Brothers exclusively.

### John B. Stetson hats for men, 3.50

"The best hat a man can wear" is always a Stetson. Present Stetson styles are the best you have seen or heard of this season. Full assortment of Stetson shades and shapes here: 3.50. Second floor.

## CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.



### Women's Fashionable Topcoats, at \$30

In a Splendid Variety of the Newest Winter Modes.

NEVER, we feel, have assortments been more complete and comprehensive. Never have they presented coats so delightfully different in style.

Here are coats in all the distinctive coat fabrics—

Plushes - Velours - Broadtail Cloths - Zibelines - Ural Cloths - Ripple Cloths - Tweeds - Plaids and Checks

Every new mode is represented from the ample, flare-skirted coats to the great coats of tweeds and plaids, perfectly suited to out-door life.

The distinctive fashion details are seen in the three coats illustrated and they are typical of the many other coats impossible to picture—but all priced to give good value at \$30.

At the left is a coat of ripple cloth with the very original collar ornamented at the back. \$30.

At the right is an eponge coat full-skirted, flaring from a tab-like back. \$30.

In the center is an over-plaid tweed fastening from collar to hem with closely set tailored buttons. \$30.

Each and every coat shows that careful attention to detail, that excellent tailoring, that perfect adaptation of the style to the fabric in which the coat is fashioned—all points women have learned to look for in selecting top-coats.

Fourth Floor, North Room.

### Maggi's Essence

DELICIOUS FLAVOR FOR HEALTHY AND SICK

Indispensable in the kitchen for gravies, soups, stews and meats.

Put Up in 4 Sizes—Glass Bottles The Most Extensively Palatable Essence in the World.

Sold by Grocers and Druggists Everywhere

JAMES P. SMITH & CO.

Sole Agents in the United States & Canada

New York Chicago Paris, France

BRIGHT WOMEN want a bright paper. Better NO BREAKFAST than NO TRIBUNE.

### EDUCATIONAL DANCING

Bournique's Special Classes

624 S. Michigan Avenue

Adjoining Blackstone Hotel

Private Lessons by Appointment.

Classes for men, women and children, North and South Sides, Studio and Suburbs.

CATALOGUE ON REQUEST.

Mr. Bournique's excursions in Europe add the most attractive feature to the classes. It is guaranteed that many new and distinctive features will be presented to the classes.

Private Classes in Interpretative Motion and Society Dancing.

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### The Old Reliable CUNARD LINE

Established 1840

Incomparable fleet of quadruple, triple and twin-screw steamships.

The new triple-screw Steamship ORFORD, 15,500 Tons (Chartered)

From New York, Nov. 14, Dec. 12.

TRANSYLVANIA (New), 14,000 Tons

From New York, Nov. 21, Dec. 19.

The new postpaid Cunarder

FRANCONIA 12,500 Tons (18,150 Tons)

From New York, Nov. 28, Dec. 12.

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MEDITERRANEAN SAILING

CALABRIA, from New York Nov. 21

for the Azores, Gibraltar and Palma.

THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

S.E. Cor. Dearborn and Randolph Sts., Chicago

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NEW DREAMS OF TRAVEL

To tired folk who need a change of scene

and a new way of life, the Cunard Line

offers a most attractive and comfortable

trip to Australia, via the new

steamship "Orford," one of the

most beautiful and comfortable

ships in the world. The trip is

via the "Orford" to Sydney, and

then via the "Orford" to Australia.

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1914.

\* 13

## FOOT AND MOUTH TERROR SPREADS TO MORE STATES

Chicago Yards Close In United  
War to Kill Scourge  
Among Cattle.

### Boil Milk to Avoid Foot Disease Peril.

BY DR. W. A. EVANS.

The cause of the foot and mouth disease is a microbe too small to be seen with any microscope. It passes through the pores of a porcelain filter. The virus can be transmitted to human beings by the milk. Although the disease in animals is violent and often fatal, in the human subject it is mild. It occasionally produces death. The virus is easily killed by heat. Experiments made in Denmark and Germany have proved this. Milk pasteurized by keeping it heated to 140 degrees for twenty minutes or by bringing it to the boiling point for a few seconds is safe. There is no reason for alarm, so long as the disease continues all milk from the infected districts should be pasteurized. Any consumer of milk who is not certain of this should home pasteurize.

With ten states under federal quarantine and three more placed under state quarantine, federal officials at Washington yesterday estimated that the cost of suppressing the epidemic of foot and mouth disease raging among cattle in seven states will approximate \$2,000,000. The epidemic of 1908, which was infinitely milder, cost \$300,000. Iowa and Massachusetts were added to the federal quarantine list during the day, and Mississippi probably will be quarantined today as the result of the discovery of a farmer afflicted with the disease in that state. Three cattle also were found to be infected. Colorado, Vermont, and New Hampshire were placed under state quarantine, and the disease was found to have spread to Montana.

Extra Inspectors Rushed Out. Extra forces of inspectors were rushed into all the affected states by the department of agriculture when it was learned that the epidemic was spreading in Pennsylvania and Illinois. More than 3,000 inspectors already have been slaughtered in the quarantined states. Lieut. Gov. Harding of Iowa conferred with federal officials last night in an effort to have the quarantine lifted in the western part of the state to prevent the closing of the stockyards at Sioux City. The Chicago stockyards shut down at 5 o'clock yesterday and will remain closed until next Monday. Despite the precautions taken the disease was found to have spread at the yards during the day.

24 More Infected Cattle Found. Inspectors from the bureau of animal industry announced they had found unmistakable symptoms of the disease in a herd of 24 feeder cattle which has been under quarantine at the Union stockyards for two days. The animals in this herd were appraised at about \$45 each and ordered destroyed. This makes a total of 387 feeder cattle which have been condemned. The first herd of 613 has been killed and buried in a ditch at the south end of the stockyard. Five more animals from the dairy show herds were found to be infected. Two of these cases were discovered in the north end of the dairy show barns. This section of the barn had been entirely free from infection and the state and government authorities had hoped the disease would not break out there. This makes a total of thirty-three animals from the 180 blooded cattle at the dairy show now infected with the disease.

No Fanny Stock to Be Killed. The owners of the dairy show cattle secured a promise from the Union stock commission that none of the fanny stock would be killed. At a meeting of the exhibitors Dr. Charles Hughes was employed as their official veterinarian to look after the infected animals. Dr. O. E. Dyson, state veterinarian, explained the action of the state board in permitting the blooded cattle to live.

Most of the animals in the dairy show herds represent the foundation of America's breeding stock," said Dr. Dyson. "It would not be possible to replace this stock with any amount of money. The foot and mouth disease is not necessarily fatal. It runs a certain course just as typhoid fever in humans. It will take several months of nursing to bring the animals back to their normal condition after the disease has left them. I believe that with the proper care most of the blooded stock can be saved."

Work of Disinfecting Begins. When the 5 o'clock gong sounded in the stock exchange the work of cleaning and disinfecting the stockyards was well under way. Under the direction of A. G. Leonard, president of the Union Stock and Transit company, a force of 1,000 men were sent into the yards just as soon as the day's receipts of cattle, sheep and pigs were disposed of. A corps of twenty-one compressed air machines were put in operation. Each of these machines provided ten spray lines. Fences, gates, feed troughs, pavements, and alleys were treated with a 10 per cent solution of cresol compound. After the cresol disinfecting spray has been permitted to dry, the paved surfaces of all the pens, driveways, and alleys

## Ghetto Saloon, and Women Who Defend It Against Foes.



MRS. FANNY ABRAHAM'S MANNIE SPIEGEL MRS. R. BRIN

Fortified with resolute determination and a chair leg, Mrs. Fanny Abraham, widow of the late Ald. "Manny" Abraham, stood guard last night in the saloon at 2000 West Twelfth street. Her "relief watch" was Mrs. R. Brin, wife of a prospective tenant of the saloon. The women "spelled" each other in two hour shifts.

Equally wide awake was the watch maintained by two nameless guards, who referred all questions to "Phelan at the Brewery," the same being John J. Phelan of 1233 Glenlake avenue, one of the managers of the Bartholomae & Rosengren Brewing company.

Brother Morris Feared. The besieged women expected an attack at any minute during the night. "Morrie" Abraham, political boss, "king of the Ghetto," and brother of the late alderman, was the feared power. Neutrality treaties have been discarded on both sides with the realization by all parties to the fight that a saloon in the hands of women is a lost cause.

Here's the way it happened. When "Manny" died in July, 1913, his widow was appointed administratrix of the estate, which includes an interest in the saloon at 2000 West Twelfth street, which was then known as "Jacob's Place."

Mrs. Abraham says that no beer ever has been sold in the place except that of the Bartholomae & Rosengren Brewing company. The saloon would never be rented to a tenant unless it was agreed that only "B. & R." beer would be sold.

Morris Gets a Rakeoff. This arrangement, says Mrs. Abraham, has netted her brother-in-law, "Morrie," about \$400 to \$500 a month for some time. She alleges that the brewery pays "Morrie" 50 cents on each barrel of its beer sold in the place.

Mrs. Abraham says that she was forced to evict the last saloon keeper, the place on Nov. 1 for nonpayment of the rent. Through her real estate agent, Abe S. De Kofsky, arrangements were made for "Mannie" Spiegel and R. Brin to open the saloon.

The hitch in the negotiations came when Spiegel and Brin decided to throw out the "B. & R." beer and use only that of the Atlas Brewing company.

New Tenants Denied. De Kofsky and the two new tenants, arrived at the saloon yesterday morning they found "Morrie" Abraham, Manager Phelan of the "B. & R." and two brewery wagon drivers in possession of the place. The doors were locked. The new tenants were told not to enter if they valued their lives.

De Kofsky called for reinforcements. They arrived in the person of Mrs. Abraham herself. "They wouldn't let me into my own property," said Mrs. Abraham over the telephone last night. "I knew they couldn't stay in there long because there wasn't anything to drink in there. So I laid in wait at the side door."

Fights Five Men. "About 5 o'clock another brother-in-law opened the side door to come out and I threw myself in. There were five men in the place and all of them tried to put me out. They certainly had their hands full."

"I just got a good hold on the bar and told them that if they didn't get out in five minutes I was going to shoot my way out of this place. I mean it yet. I am going to stick it out till doom's day. They broke the law when they entered this place. They broke the locks on the basement door."

Morris Considerably Worked Up. As an afterthought Mr. Abraham made an appointment for 10 o'clock this morning in the Tribune office, when he said he would undertake to break the report of a neck if the above statement was published. Later in the evening Mr. Abraham had subsided sufficiently to give the following statement over the telephone to the Tribune:

"I own three-fourths of that saloon and my dead brother owned the other quarter. I had no kick coming until I found the property vacant and unprotected, so I started to take care of it yesterday. I intended to finish matters legally. My attorney will file a suit for the partition of the interests in the morning."

Points Out Work to Be Done. It is recognized that during stormy, cold, and inclement weather it will be quite impossible to clean streets in the regular way, but if the season be an open one, brush might be used most of the time. During heavy snowstorms the appropriation asked for would permit the quick removal of snow not only in the local district, but also to considerable extent in other much traveled parts of the city, particularly at street car transfer corners.

There is much work to be done also in keeping gutters and catch basins open and in giving the alleys a more thorough cleaning than is now possible. It is proposed that much more attention be given to macadam streets than has been the rule. A committee of experts is now working out the details of the plan under which it is proposed to keep the men at work every month in the year.

Cheaper than Charity. Even if it proves impossible to get the greatest efficiency out of the whole force during January, February, and the first two weeks of March, it would seem more economical for the taxpayer to pay the men wages for the work which can be done than to support them and their families in enforced idleness at the public expense—even if the money for the county agent's supplies does come out of another pocket. And in every other respect the new plan is certainly more desirable.

## SALOON A FORT; WIDOW HOLDS IT

Mrs. "Manny" Abrahams  
Defies Allied Powers of  
Brother-in-Law "Morrie" and Brewers.

### KEEPS VIGIL ALL NIGHT

Woman, Balked at Attempt to  
Leave Bar, Routs Five  
Men and Takes Up  
Her Stand.

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## SON OF YALE PROFESSOR GETS \$400,000 UNDER WILL

Last Testament of Henry Lord  
Wheeler Gives Estate to Relatives  
—Books Go to University.

The will of Henry Lord Wheeler, professor at Yale, who died in the east last Thursday, was filed in the Probate court yesterday. The amount of the estate is not specified.

The will bequeaths \$400,000 to the Connecticut and Commercial Trust and Savings bank, to be held in trust for the decedent's son, Henry Irving Wheeler, until he shall become 21 years of age. The residue is bequeathed to Mr. Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Mabel Wheeler Young.

## PERISH IN PRAIRIE FIRE

Bellevue, N. D., Nov. 6.—Miss Gladys Hollister, a school teacher, and three of her pupils were burned to death today when they ran from the schoolhouse, twelve miles from here, in an effort to escape an onrushing prairie fire. Three other children were perhaps fatally burned.

Three children of Joseph Theison, a farmer, were on their way home from the little country schoolhouse at the cross roads four miles west of Naperville yesterday when they overtook a little girl who was on her way to school. She was a tenant farmer's daughter and was crying. She wore a tan dress and red sweater, and her blonde hair hung in a long "pigtail" down her back.

"Which way is Aurora?" she asked.

"The other way," said John, the oldest of the Theison children. "You are going toward Naperville. Aurora is about five miles west of here. Do you live in Aurora?"

"Has 'Relations' There."

"No," replied the girl, "but I have relations there."

"What's your name?"

"Grace. I live in Chicago," she added.

"What are you doing way out here alone?" asked the boy.

"A man brought me out here in an automobile. I don't know him well, but I've seen him several times. He came along today and told me he was going to take me out to my relatives in Aurora. He stopped up there near the schoolhouse at the corner and told me to get out and wait for him. He said he had to go and get some more gasoline. That was about 1 o'clock. I sat on the big stone there by the road and waited for two hours and then the boys and girls began coming out of school. They giggled at me and I got lonesome and I don't believe the man is coming back for me and I'm going to walk to Aurora."

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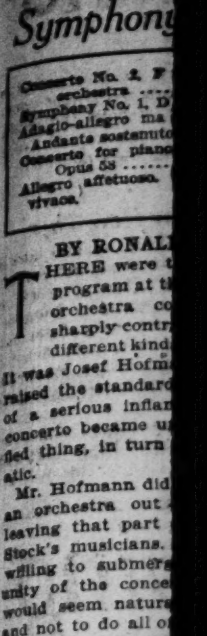
Hofmann

Symphony

Concerto No. 2 F  
Orchestra ....

Symphony No. 1, D  
Adagio-allegro ma  
Andante sostenuto  
Concerto for piano  
Opus 58 .....  
Allegro, affettuoso,  
vivace.

BY RONALD  
THERE were t  
program at th  
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It was Josef Hofma



Mr. Stock conducted the  
 authority.

The Mahler symphony  
 but more inter-

of a serious innuendo concert became uttered thing, in turn elicited.

Mr. Hofmann did an orchestra out, leaving that part of Stock's musicians. He was willing to submerge the unity of the concert would seem natural and not to do all of soloists, unfortunately. Mr. Stock conducted authoritatively.

The Mahler symphony was not as important but more interesting because it is strictly a suggestion in the Mahler was not without symphony. It was of

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arian music.

A benefit concert  
Chevalier N. B. Emm  
actor of the Chicago

any, is to be given in the auditorium. The Chorus and the musicians and the girls are donating the performance.

Miss Jermy Dufau  
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*Civic Music Association  
Its Concerts*  
The Civic Music Association

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Views of  
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**Horse Go to Prayer**  
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Chicago Methodist





## Chicago Musician Who Makes Successful Debut in Bremen.



MISS ELIZABETH SCHILLER

Friends of Miss Elizabeth Schiller, a Chicago girl who has been studying music in Berlin for the last five years, have just received news of her successful debut in Bremen. Miss Schiller, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Pelckert of 1512 South St. Louis avenue, sang at a concert five years ago where Mrs. P. A. Valentine, now of New York, was present. Mrs. Valentine sent for Miss Schiller a few days later and told her that she would be glad to send her abroad to study.

In a letter from Miss Schiller she told of the packed houses at the opera in Bremen, notwithstanding the war. She said that only German opera has been sung. She said that they knew but little of the progress of the war except when there was German victory, when the entire audience would sing the national airs.

Miss Schiller has appeared as Marguerite in "Faust," Elizabeth in "Tannhauser," as Agatha in "Freischütz," as Pamina in "The Magic Flute," as Violetta in "Traviata," as Mimì in "La Bohème," and as Elsa in "Lohengrin."

When Love Died.

BECAUSE I am now a woman approaching middle age and because I fear many young couples are confronted by a situation much the same as that which nearly ruined the life of William and myself, I make this confession, writes Mrs. G.

"We were married young, William and I. Ours was a love match—what might be called a burning love match. For the first five or six years we remained very much in love. Then slowly, insidiously, we began to fall out of love with each other.

"Neither of us could have assigned any cause for the change. It occurred, however, long before we were brave enough to acknowledge the fact. What a sorry pretense it was that we kept up not simply in front of our friends, but in front of each other. We went on for a few years feigning love and imitating it.

"I do believe that nothing kills real love or real respect like this atmosphere of untruth and imitation. For myself, I believe I might have kept up this pretense forever, growing more and more self-contemptuous. But one evening with a frightened effort my husband forced the inevitable explanation.

"The plain sum of our talk at that interview was: We had ceased to love each other. His plain statement was: I no longer say I loved him and mine that I could no longer say I loved him hurt us both. Our sadness was real; it was not feigned, as our love had been. In a queer, ironical way our grief drew us together. Apart from this, the definition of our situation helped to clear the air. I was acutely unhappy that evening, yet oddly relieved. The necessity for acting a part was over. I could be myself. We could

meet each other without adopting a rôle of 'affectionateness' and forced continual happiness.

"I remember the next day at breakfast I felt that I understood my husband for the first time for months—and quite promptly we both made the discovery that we didn't want to separate. But we changed the course of our living a little. At intervals we said visits separately—a thing never proposed before—and soon we began to enjoy a rather novel friendship.

"With that spirit of detachment, that playing constantly at make-believe forced me into row gone, I became busy instead of idle, and being busy, I had more to discuss with William. He, too, seemed to occupy himself more enthusiastically. Neither of us hesitated to involve ourselves in social affairs outside the home. Hitherto we had been too secluded—too much shut off from the outer world. No wonder we wearied of each other! With the new order of things our horizon expanded and consequently our life.

"Soon we had much to talk about, and for the first time we found the possibilities of really intense mental time conversation in an art or pastime which we, like many other young couples, had stupidly neglected. Our chat was no longer perfunctory. It was animated and eager. I looked forward to his return from the office.

"Our story is too long, too gradual in its movement, to be written here. I can only conclude that our fortunes changed almost from the moment when William and I, thinking it was all over between us, had it out, with absolute candor. Soon we began to get on well together, and instead of trying to keep up the standard of a boy and girl we learned the value of a man and woman friendship."

Chorus of 60 Voices All Seats Free

Third Presbyterian Church

ASHLAND BOULEVARD AND OGDEN AVENUE

## Flickerings from Film Land

by Kitty Kelly

### "THE KEY TO YESTERDAY."

Favorite Players.

Frederick Marston... Carlyle Blackwell... George Carter Rodman... J. Francis Dillon... Dusk Fison... Edna Mayo... George Steele... John J. Sheehan... Benno Roberson... John Prescott

ENTER Carlyle Blackwell. Business of applause (desired). Not that he has been long absent, so that one may welcome him with the enthusiasm of a lost to sight favorite. Not that he has come from the wars, or recovered from a dangerous illness, or been off on a vacation, but simply that this is his first appearance in this company, which, by the way, is practically his company.

During the last few months he has traversed a course in uncertainty rivaling that of a rapid fire comet. Never out of sight, but never to be counted on. He has shown in his initial performance, winning among the Famous Players, a bit in a company of his own, and now he seems prepared to shed a steady radiance as the central luminary of the Famous Players.

The plot of the story, rather more than his own rôle, is responsible chiefly for this state of affairs, I think. It hinges on one of those double personality effects, so loved of photographic technicians, and has a frequency of change that the hero, instead of having a chance to make a distinguishing impersonation, is turned into a rapid change artist.

Mr. Blackwell succeeds in being very rapid, and he continues, as per custom, to be very good looking, thus satisfying adequately the desires of some people, but he does not establish the impression that he did, for example, in a Kalem release called "Chasing the Smugglers," and as the king opposite Mary Pickford in "Such a Little Queen."

Readers of Charles Neville Buck's novel will find here a visualization of the adventures they followed in print, very accurately produced, for after seeing the picture, one has rather the feelings that succeed the reading of about two-thirds of the current output of novels.

This is a mystery tale, well treated as to ingredients, containing enough of identity due to a South American revolution and a famous Parisian artist looking exactly alike, a jealous model, a stabbing, loss of memory, wandering, work and art, a sweetheart, revolution, capture, escape, a dying wife, moonlight, and hope, along with the necessary cementing substances.

As to everything, there is a key left in the artist's pocket when he suffers his loss of memory, which finally restores him to his place in the world after a twisting gyrations of circumstance that no man but a fiction hero could survive. For such ordeals, however, Mr. Blackwell is well qualified by inclination and experience.

The picture is very good photographically, both in interiors and exteriors, and has some well chosen bits of location that suggest an artistically minded director. As a whole, it makes a creditable introduction for a new company's forthcoming work.

### Friedmann "Cure" Is Blacklisted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 6.—The seal of official disapproval drive vice from American homes and will do so when readers and subscribers insist upon it, declared Arthur Capper, editor of the Kansas Capital and governor-elect of Kansas, in an address to the international purity congress tonight.

"In Kansas," said Mr. Capper, "where for thirty years we have had written in the organic law of our state the prohibition of the traffic in intoxicating liquors, we have begun to succeed in the enforcement of the law only when the press of the state became thoroughly converted to the idea of prohibition and assisted by unremitting publicity in its enforcement."

"The suppression of public vice and the white slave traffic will be half way accomplished when national prohibition becomes a reality. The brothel and the saloon are inseparably linked."

### Lutherans Plan New Church.

A new church building is in prospect for the English Lutheran Church of the Epiphany, Sacramento boulevard and Lexington street, according to announcement made yesterday by the Rev. C. R. W. Kegel, pastor of the church and president of the northwestern conference of general council.

"Application has been made to the board in Philadelphia for \$5,000, which we have reason to believe will be granted us," he said.

### Rabbi to Speak in Winnetka.

Dr. Tobias Schenfarber, rabbi Kohliath Ansh Mitzvah, will speak at the vespers service of the Winnetka Congregational church tomorrow at 5 o'clock on the subject, "The Message of the Prophets."

### Antonini & Co.

Absolutely Pure

Olive Oil

ACKNOWLEDGED BY CONNOISSEURS AS THE

Finest for Salads

Mayonnaise and

French Dressings

PACKED IN BOTTLES AND CANS

IMPORTED FOR 81 YEARS INTO THE UNITED STATES

Antonini Olive Oil is highly recommended for medicinal purposes by leading physicians in Europe and America

YOUR GROCER SELLS IT

James P. Smith &amp; Company

Importers of Table Luxuries

Sole Agents

CHICAGO NEW YORK



CARLYLE BLACKWELL, Favorite Player

### "The Man" Evolves.

John Barrymore's "The Man from Mexico," fades into Charles Richman's "The Man from Home," at the Studio-Barker tomorrow. This is a Laskey production.

### More Atrocities.

The following rejection and cutouts were ordered in films inspected by the municipal censor board yesterday:

"A Fatal Marriage" (L-Lo). Permit refused because this picture has a tendency to disturb the public peace and to create class hatred and contempt by ridiculing the Jewish race.

"The Everlasting Triangle" (Edison). Taking cut from man's sleeve; letter from former admirer to wife; desert scene showing man dying; man raising gun preparatory to suicide.

"Destiny's Night" (Broncho). Two scenes showing burglar tempering finger tip preparatory to opening safe; two scenes of child abandonment.

"An Aerial Revenge" (Itala). Taking papers from safe; shortened dead body scene.

"Curse They Marked" (Keystone). Close to camera view of stamped envelope.

"The Widow's Children" (Reliance). Subtitle: "That night the survivor decides to burn down the barn." Two scenes of child abandonment.

"Salome Jane" (Alois). Subtitle: "I ain't ironed now, but when I am I'll get you." Shooting man on horse.

"Sisters" (Vita-graph). Intoxicated woman drinking at table.

"Lola the Rat" (Vita-graph). Subtitle: "The Plot"; second gang scene to flash; binding man.

"Zerkow Series, No. 2" (Tanbrouse). Close to camera view of dead man; close to camera view of frozen man.

"In the Clutches of the Gangsters" (Kay Bell). Scene in pawnbroker's office; scene of him dicker with crooks; two scenes of fence receiving stolen goods; subtitle: "Officers follow to force him to confess; he is killed"; second and third scenes of fight between gang and police officers.

"When Vice Shuddered" (Princess). Short scenes of gambling scene, cashier opening safe and taking money; gang cutting wires; gang entering vault; subtitle: "These fellows robbed the bank, but I saved the cash"; reference to laundries in subtitle; "Cashier and janitor return home resolved to lead better lives."

"A Bargain Table Cloth" (Lubini). Subtitle: "The Quack" (Lubini). Subtitle: "Trim the boob" (Lubini). Subtitle: "Crook throwing pepper into detective's eyes."

"The Trap" (Lubini). Holdup of pack train by knife.

"Beating the Burglar" (Lubini). Burglar taking money from strong box.

"On the Shores of Italy" (Refax). Two scenes of policeman stealing fruit.

"The Heart of the Brute" (Reliance). Short scenes of gambling scene where man loses.

"The Square Triangle" (Reliance). Love scene in singer's room after she sits down; shortened vision battle scene.

### Press Can Kill Vice, Says Capper.

ANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 6.—The newspapers are the forces that can drive vice from American homes and will do so when readers and subscribers insist upon it, declared Arthur Capper, editor of the Kansas Capital and governor-elect of Kansas, in an address to the international purity congress tonight.

"In Kansas," said Mr. Capper, "where for thirty years we have had written in the organic law of our state the prohibition of the traffic in intoxicating liquors, we have begun to succeed in the enforcement of the law only when the press of the state became thoroughly converted to the idea of prohibition and assisted by unremitting publicity in its enforcement."

"The suppression of public vice and the white slave traffic will be half way accomplished when national prohibition becomes a reality. The brothel and the saloon are inseparably linked."

### Lutherans Plan New Church.

A new church building is in prospect for the English Lutheran Church of the Epiphany, Sacramento boulevard and Lexington street, according to announcement made yesterday by the Rev. C. R. W. Kegel, pastor of the church and president of the northwestern conference of general council.

"Application has been made to the board in Philadelphia for \$5,000, which we have reason to believe will be granted us," he said.

### Rabbi to Speak in Winnetka.

Dr. Tobias Schenfarber, rabbi Kohliath Ansh Mitzvah, will speak at the vespers service of the Winnetka Congregational church tomorrow at 5 o'clock on the subject, "The Message of the Prophets."

### Antonini & Co.

Absolutely Pure

Olive Oil

ACKNOWLEDGED BY CONNOISSEURS AS THE

Finest for Salads

Mayonnaise and

French Dressings

PACKED IN BOTTLES AND CANS

IMPORTED FOR 81 YEARS INTO THE UNITED STATES

Antonini Olive Oil is highly recommended for medicinal purposes by leading physicians in Europe and America

YOUR GROCER SELLS IT

James P. Smith &amp; Company

Importers of Table Luxuries

Sole Agents

CHICAGO NEW YORK

## Society and Entertainments

### Fine Arts Opening

Attracts Society.

THE opening of the Fine Arts theater brought out a large number of society people. Mrs. Joseph Coleman, who tarried until late at the Belgian meeting—Mrs. Coleman was one of the women who remained to check up on the returns—came in a pretty evening gown and long broadcloth cloak, and was joined in a short time by Mr. Coleman.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Countess and Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Pool were members of another party, and Mr. and Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Strobel, Mrs. W. J. Calhoun, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Chase, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gary, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Letta, Mrs. Burton Hanson, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Bentley and Miss Margaret Bentley, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Andia, and over so many of the other well known folks were in the audience, the women all prettily-gowned.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Gregory of Highland Park and 1038 Prairie avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Ruth, to Arthur Sweetser of Boston, Harvard '11. Mr. Sweetser has been a war correspondent in Europe and has just returned.

Mr. and Mrs. Honore Palmer, who spent the summer and early fall abroad, have returned and are at their residence on Lincoln Park boulevard. Mrs. Potter Palmer, who is expecting to return to Chicago for the holidays, is at her Florida home on Sarasota bay.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Rae E. Grootzinger and Frederic Russell Eddy, which took place Wednesday evening last at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Mary C. Grootzinger, of 4019 Magnolia avenue. The Rev. H. E. Heppner officiated.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis M. Stumer and their daughters, Lois Margaret and Althea Blanche, have returned to the city from their home at Homewood and are at their apartment at the Congress hotel.

Mrs. Madison Hill and Miss Jean Hill have been spending a few weeks in New York since their return from Europe. They will reach Chicago this week.

The marriage of Miss Gretchen Freeman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. rank Du Bois Freeman of Sawyer, Mich., formerly of Chicago, to J. Clark Miller took place on Thursday evening at the Normal Park Baptist church at 8 o'clock.

The bride's sister, Mrs. Albert Donovan, was the matron of honor and Miss Daisy Moore Martin of L'Anse-au-Loup, Switzerland, was maid of honor. Albert Donovan and Harry Dodge were the ushers.

A reception for the relatives and most intimate friends followed the ceremony. After Jan. 1 Mr. and Mrs. Miller will be at home at 132 West Marquette road.

Mrs. Harlo R. Grant of 3039 Washington boulevard, will give a dinner tomorrow evening at the Hotel Metropole in honor of Miss Margaret Shirley of Berlin, Paris, and New York.

On account of the war Miss Shirley will spend the winter in Chicago, the guests of Mrs. John C. Galvin of 3055 Clarendon avenue.

Mrs. Arthur Ryerson will take possession of the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Halleck Taylor at 59 East Division street, which she has taken for the winter, on Nov. 15, when Mrs. Taylor will leave for the east to remain until the holidays. Mrs. Taylor will stop for a visit with Mrs. S. Cobb Coleman at

### Argus Club Plans Rest Rooms.

At a meeting of the Argus Philanthropic club at the Hotel La Salle yesterday committee members were chosen and plans discussed for raising a fund with which to establish rest and recreation rooms for business women and girls in various sections of the city.

The idea of the rest rooms, according to Mrs. Daniel Munro, 2021 West Adams street, president of the club, is to provide a place for working women and girls for light social amusements.

Chaperons, who will receive the program and attend to the comfort of the patrons, will be provided at each rest room.

A group of social women is working with the officers of the club for the success of the venture.

### Dancing Club to Hold Reception.

A reception and dance will be held by the North Shore Colonial Dancing club at Govan hall, Wilson avenue and Broadway, next Thursday evening.

### THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY

The names of other Theaters showing "The Million Dollar Mystery" will be found in the amusement columns of The Tribune Monday.

### Advance Information of Special Programs at

### HIGH CLASS MOTION PICTURE THEATERS

(The possibility of a film not reaching a theater on time makes the program subject to change.)

### DOWNTOWN

STUDEBAKER  
MANAGEMENT JONES, LINICK & SCHAEFER  
Commencing Tomorrow 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.  
WILLIAM HODGE'S GREATEST SUCCESS  
The MAN FROM HOME  
With CHAS. RICHMAN  
IN PARAMOUNT MOTION PICTURES  
FIRST TIME SHOWN 15c and 25c

### NORTH SIDE

PARKWAY  
Clark St. and Desverg Blvd.  
Special Matinee Today  
"In the Glare of the Lights"  
A Thrilling 3-Reel Essayay Drama Featuring Francis X. Bushman  
The Contest Story Now Running in The Ladies' World.  
CONTINUOUS SHOWS 2:30 to 11 P. M.  
ALL SEATS 10 CENTS

### WEST SIDE

CRAWFORD  
CRAWFORD AVE. NEAR MADISON ST.  
Take any car and transfer on Crawford or Madison.  
—TODAY ONLY—  
Continuous Performance, Starting 1:30 P. M.  
THE BIG SATURDAY SPECIAL  
NOTHING TOO GOOD FOR THIS CRAWFORD PATRONS  
NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER  
IN EIGHT REELS.  
Remember, the first reel starts at 1:30 P. M. and we run without interruption until 11:30. To avoid the rush come any time during the afternoon or early evening.  
—ALL SEATS 10c—  
First time shown at this price.

### 20th CENTURY

3538 West 12th Street  
SPECIAL TODAY-TWO BIG FEATURES  
THE FIFTH MAN  
In Three Parts, and  
THE STONE YACHT  
A Lubin in Two Great Acts.

### SOUTH SIDE

KENWOOD  
4TH AND KIMBARK  
TODAY-SPECIAL MAT. 2:30 and 4:00  
EXTENDING 5:00, 6:00 and 8:00  
ROBERT EDESON  
Where the Trail Divides  
FIVE PARTS.  
TODAY-THE OLD 200 SCENES.  
FLORENCE TURNER IN  
THE MURDOCK TRIAL  
FOUR PARTS.  
Continuous Performance. 2:30 to 11 P. M.

### VISTA

47th and Cottage Grove Ave.  
BEST VENTILATED THEATER in Chicago.  
TODAY-SPECIAL PROGRAM AT 11:00  
THE LILIPUTIANS  
Featuring TOM THUMB, 11.22 inches tall.  
EVENING PERFORMANCE  
THE TYFIDON-THE MARVELLOUS ACTS  
PARAMOUNT PRODUCTION

### BEACH

1504 E. 51st St.  
TODAY-SPECIAL MATINEE FOR THE CHILDREN  
EXTENDING 1:00, 2:00 and 4:00 P. M.  
in the evening.

### DE LUXE

514 EAST 83rd STREET  
—TODAY—  
THE PERILS OF PAULINE—No. 17.  
Feature Photoplays Daily

### IRIS

5747 Chicago Avenue  
Today—PERILS OF PAULINE  
FOUR OTHER FEATURE PICTURES.

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in the evening.

### DE LUXE

514 EAST 83rd STREET  
—TODAY—<







## The Investors' Guide

The theory that 7 per cent preferred stocks are better than 5 per cent bonds because the 2 per cent extra will more than insure the safety of the principal is unsound for the investment of small savings. If the investor is situated so that a loss would not be a severe blow, good pre-

ferred stocks protected by common dividends are an attractive investment. Common stocks are generally speculative.

—♦—

**Farmers' National Life.**  
C. M. W., Iowa Falls, Ia.—The Farmers' National Life company began business in March, 1913, with \$200,000 capital stock, all subscribed. The stock was sold at \$20 a share of \$10 par value, the premium was in cash and was paid by the company.

supply a surplus. Soon after beginning business the company amended its charter, increasing its authorized capital to \$500,000, and began selling this stock at \$25 a share. At the end of last year the company had \$150,048 capital stock paid in and admitted assets of \$119,813. An impairment of capital of \$38,748 was shown. Stockholders' notes for unpaid subscriptions amounting to \$130,058 figure

as a nonadmitted asset and account for the impairment. The report shows 607 policies written for a total of \$1,013,760. This is a business venture and not a savings investment.

—

**Brief Answers to Correspondents.** ■  
N. J. C.—The National Pure Water company of Kansas City has failed to send information of its affairs. The investment.com website appears to be the "unit

C. C. Y.—The Mississippi land project which you outline appears to be a speculation. The Eubank Farm company has withheld information about its affairs.

**TRADE VOLUME CONSTANT,  
BUT REVIVAL IS EXPECTED.**

---

**Dun's Review Points Better Feeling  
in Industry and Favorable Tendency  
in Financial Outlook.**

---

Dun's Review, published today by R. G. Dun & Co., will say:

"Although the volume of trade is without notable change a better feeling is evident, there being various indications of impending revival in demands. Favorable tendencies appear in the financial outlook. Foreign exchange and the gold situation are easier, the national bank statements this week made a good impression, and the early release of funds under the operation of the federal re-

The outlook for the leading industries is showing improvement on increased inquiries from heavy consumers. Prices encourage commitments for immediate and next year needs. Easier money is looked for soon and railroad

contracts under negotiation will stimulate iron, steel, and factory outputs. Considerable business continues to be entered for overseas shipment.

" Movements by rail and lake aggregate less tonnage for the last six months, although large gains are shown in the breadstuffs. Gross earnings of the Chicago steam roads continue to furnish closer correlation with a year ago. Improving interest has developed in the bond market and more attention is given to investment. Less complaint is reported by farmers and collectors of taxes and land-

Bank clearings, \$277,696,048, are 15.8 per cent less than for corresponding week in 1912, and compare with \$301,769,979 in 1912. Failures reported in the Chicago directory numbered 23, against 36 last week, 28 in 1913, and 21 in 1912. Those with liabilities over \$5,000 numbered 18, against 17 last week, 9 in 1913, and 9 in 1912."

**BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

Continued improvement in sentiment, additional ease in money markets, and increased interest in stock and bonds at higher prices, heavy grain exports, sustained demand for war materials at remunerative prices for cereals and livestock, somewhat better collections, excellent winter wheat conditions, and undeniable betterment in the southern cotton crop situation, due to a series of rainfalls, furnish a budget of favorable news this week.

"On the other hand there is considerable likelihood, which reduces the purchasing power in many sections, and warm weather adversely

"Fallures for the week in the United States were 317, compared with 341 last year; in Canada, 69, against 42 last year. Bushel clearances were 12,933,000,000, a decrease of 25.3 per cent from last year. Wheat exports were 7,512,264 bushels, against 7,837,676 bushels a year ago."

**POLICY  
OF THE  
IND TRUST COMPANY**

ages on improved Chicago real  
ment for trust funds has been  
e of other classes of securities.  
le of inspecting and valuating  
that no impairment of the  
t occur in troublous times.

have investments that fall due that frequent reviews of the business situation may be made is best to collect and reinvest at.

**and Trust Company**  
No demand liabilities.  
**TRUSTEE "**

**OPEN EVENINGS—9 A. M. to 9 P. M.**

**Graham & Sons, Bankers**  
INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS  
659-661 WEST MADISON STREET

ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.







## 19

[illegible][illegible]



TO RENT-OUT

[illegible]



21

**REAL ESTATE—FARM LANDS.**  
**Minnesota.**  
**FOR SALE—IMPROVED 30 ACRES FARM,** 5 miles from Minneapolis; 40 acres under cultivation, balance used for pasture land, covered with poplar and elm timber, 100 acres cleared; no waste land; nearest set of buildings in that vicinity consisting of house, barn, machinery, cream crib, etc.; one heavy team, three Jersey cows, 100 bushels of corn, 100 hogs, complete set of farm machinery, wagon, buggy, cream separator; in fact, everything is complete, also 10 tons of meadow hay, 8 tons of clover hay, 8 acres of corn, 80 bushels of potatoes; 10 cords of wood cut in stove length; in

land overlying on the farm goes at \$6.00.  
\$6.00 cash, balance on time.

**SCHEWBROS.**  
1028 Plymouth Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

**Missouri.**

**FOR SALE—SMALL MISSOURI FARM.** 30  
acres and 35 monthly; no interest or taxes  
highly productive land; close to three big mar-  
kets. Write for photographs and full infor-  
mation. MUNGER, C. 179 N. Y. Life Bldg.,  
Kansas City, Mo.

**FOR SALE—50 A. CRAWFORD COUNTY.**  
Mo., and 12 miles of railroad; good timber  
land; take \$10 per acre. Write for full  
R. E. or auto. Address R 153, Tribune.

**Montana.**

**FOR SALE—1,000 FARMS OF 40, 80, 100, 160**  
**and 320 acres each; prices from \$6.00 per acre**  
**up; improved or unimproved; easy terms**  
**and quick sale.** Write for full information  
and list of farms. **W. J. HARRIS,** 100  
N. 2nd St., Helena, Mont.

body's prices for equal quality. Round trip  
Haines, Nov. 17th, \$28.00. HISELOP & PIER-  
SON, Stock Exchange Bldg.

Oklahoma.

# NOTICE

S. E. Oklahoma Rain District,  
Segregated Indian Land Sale,  
**\$8 to \$14 an Acre.**

Our agricultural expert cruising crew have located a number of exceptionally good agricultural tracts situated in the well known segregated Indian lands, the sale of which the south is now awaiting for years. On account of the cotton crop, which will not be ready for

no money to buy this land with, nor can we borrow any, so we believe at the auction sale we can buy in these tracts between \$8 and \$14 an acre.

The tracts that we have already located are ready for the plow and worth \$40 an acre. We will represent you at the sale. By filing your application.

**LAWRENCE HENWORTH'S OFFICE**  
Real Estate.  
Room 501 Harvester Bldg.,  
Cor. Michigan and Exchange Sts.,  
Chicago, Ill.

you are guaranteed protection and a good investment. Applications for these selected located tracts should be made at once, as the land is being sold by public auction, and the sale takes place Nov. 16 to Dec. 2, 1914.

**Nebraska.**

**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—5,200 ACRES**  
Nebraska ranch; income \$10,000; price \$100,000.

**FOR SALE—EXCHANGE** for Iowa or Ill. land. Address B N 17, Irtro, Nebraska.  
**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—1,700 acres** Nebraska ranch; live stock and machinery; price \$80,000; want 450 acres Iowa or Ill. Address B N 17, Irtro.

**FOR SALE—WISCONSIN.**  
**FOR SALE—CLOVERLANDS** IN MARINETTE COUNTY, Wisconsin, where farmers grow rich; near markets, towns, and railroads; seven hours' ride from Chicago. If for a home or investment you are thinking of buying good farm lands, or wish to use SCHUMER LAND CO., 917 Hall-ave., Marinette, Wis.

**FOR SALE—ASHLAND COUNTY** IS ESPECIALLY adapted to potato raising; it is a dairy and mixed farming section; lands are cheap. See literature.  
**WORKING-CRAIL LAND CO., 918 Ashland** block, Chicago.

**OR SALE—LET US SHOW YOU LAND** along the **80e line; clayey loam soil; good water supply.** Includes churches, schools, factories, and creameries. Call or write **Sno Ticket Office, 140 S. Clark-st.**

**OR SALE WISCONSIN FARMS AND** farm lands. **GENUINE BARGAINS.** List at **100-1000 acres.** Write **LOE LUEMMEL REALTY CO. [not inc.]**, 206-6 (bank opp.) Marquette Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

**OR SALE—UP THEY GO TO THE RICH** and famous **WYOMING** farms. Terms by **the** **immigration agents for Ry. lands, J. K. ORVIS & Co., 111 N. Dearborn-st.**

**OR SALE OR EXCHANGE—IMPROVED** Wisconsin farms; also 2,600 acres unimproved Taylor County land.

**OR SALE—474 W. Lake-st. Austin 411**

**OR SALE—40, 80 OR 160 A., CLARK CO.;** also 40 a. maple timber on main road. EXCH-

ELL, Janesville, Wis.

**FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN RIVER AND**  
near Rockland, Bucks and Oryeta counties.  
3 Railway Avenue, Hart, 7090.

**FOR SALE—ONION LAND, \$125 PER ACRE:**  
135 mi. from Chicago; raises 1,000 bu. to  
re. W. H. WOOLMUS 431 S. Dearborn-st.

**LAND INFORMATION.**

**WISCONSIN CARRIED AWAY THE CHOICE**  
wards from the rest of the United States.  
This is a regular thing at the big shows,  
our complete data on this subject write  
WISCONSIN ADVANCEMENT ASSN., 1651 First  
National Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

**OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS CONCERNING**  
mil, climate, and crops of Wisconsin free to  
those writing Wisconsin State Board of Immi-  
gration, Capital 88, Madison, Wis.

**REAL ESTATE WANTED.**  
**WANTED**—HAVE \$12,000 CASH AND WILL assume property up to \$200 for bargain in income property. Address S 200, Tribune.  
**WANTED**—AT ONCE FROM OWNER. RAVENSWOOD house; \$3,500; \$500 down. WEBER, age, 1068.

**By Brokers.**  
**WANTED** — HOTEL SITES, OHIO TO North-west, Victoria, same districts where hotels and buildings. Name districts where owners will remodel for strong hotel tenants. W. MCKINNEY, 1296 First Nat. Bk Bldg., Cincinnati 8791.

**WANTED**—WANT THE BEST 3 FLAT bldg. east of Broadway, n. of Grace, that \$100 cash will buy; no agents need reply. dress S E 353, Tribune.

WANTED-TO BUY FOR SPOT CASH, quick sale! Improved vacant business property. Will make quick deal.  
J. LILIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 110 S. Dearborn.  
WANTED-TO BUY FOR CASH, GOOD VACANT and Improved CHICAGO property; quick sale! Call H. MULHOLAND & CO., 50 La Salle-st.  
WANTED-WE WILL PAY CASH FOR INCOME property and will purchase your equipment; quick sale. See us.  
J. LILIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 110 S. Dearborn-st.  
WANTED-SMALL, CLEAR FARM, NEAR Chicago, as part payment on my new 24 apt., on N. S.; all rented; \$9,500 yearly income, no L.I.E. Address N.W. 193, Tribune.  
WANTED-HAVE \$25,000 WASH. FOR A small estate bargain. What have you? Address N. S. 84 Tribune.  
WANTED-WE KNOW VALUES AND CAN

WANTED—WILL BUY BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE IN IMPROVED OR VACANT. SEE US. SCHULZ, 808, 109 N. Dearborn-st.

WANTED—WILL BUY BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE; QUICK ACTION. SEE US. HUBBARD & CO., Tribune Bldg.

WANTED—WE ARE THE QUICKEST CASH BUYERS OF CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. S. SCHALL, 111 N. C. 1208 Chamber Commerce Bldg.

WANTED—WE HAVE SEVERAL CASH CUSTOMERS FOR FLAT HOMES. NOW OPENING. SEE JOHN H. BOWEN, 106 Broadway.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE BARGAINS. IMPROVED OR VACANT—FOR CASH. PARTICULARS. IRENA S. A. 428, Tribune—

WANTED—BARGAIN IN A 2, 3, OR 6 FLAT HOMES. HAVE CASH BUYERS. SEE: WEART & CO., 25 N. Dearborn-st.

**REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.**  
**Apartment.**  
**OWNERS.** Attention—\$20,000 EQUITY, or \$70,000 mortgage, in 2 three story court apartments, North Side; guaranteed rents, \$940; from May, \$16,000; lake vacant with \$10,000 cash; small improved with \$16,000; clear country vacant, or improved, with \$10,000 cash. Address 8 N 308, Tribune.

**EXCHANGE—EQUITY IN TRUSTEE 12** story bldg., 1000 N. Dearborn, 1000 ft. rents \$6,200 per year; inc. \$24,000 at 5 1/2%; net Chicago business prop., or impr. farm 100 miles from Chicago. JOHN HEIM, 100 N. Dearborn.

**EXCHANGE—CORNER 15 APART-** ment bldg., one block from the lake, Euclid; ex. exquisitely appointed, shower baths, etc.

rental is \$60; min. \$33.00; 1st & 2nd per cent. at closing; balance \$30.00; for \$36.00. Address B E 14.6. Tribune.

EXCHANGE CHOCOLATE 9 APT. BLDG. 6, one 7, and two 8 rm. flats; mod.; east of Midway rd., nr. lake; rental \$4.60 per yr. 1st & 2nd per cent. at closing; balance \$3.00; for \$4.60. Call C. or small time farm. Chicago.

JOHN HEIM, 8148 N. Ashland av.,

WANTED - CLEAR VACANT OR RES. OR sh for new high grade Birchwood 3 apt. Sheridan-rd. 7 rooms, 2 baths, sun terrace, living room, dining room, kitchen; also have 4 clear lots for single cheap, or 2. Owners address B L 12. Tribune.

WANTED. OWNERS - WANT \$36.00 monthly apt. as a part of a 2 story Park view clear 8. Side flats and residence. Liberal deal guaranteed. C. C. SPOTOS, d. 491. 89 W. Monroe. Tel. Rand. 9634.

**EXCHANGE—SPLENDID INCOME** property, 1000 sq. ft., mortgaged \$6,000; 6 years; will consider old improved or vapor equity. Address P J 386, Tribune.

**WANT TO EXCHANGE MY 24 FLATS IN** codown; income \$7,900. Want smaller income for \$46,000 equity. Address P C 117, ine.

**FLAT IN EDGOW. NEAR LAKE; WILL** be clear. West Side property and cash. Equity; rents \$4,640; mtr. \$18,000. Address P 383, Tribune.

**HAVE A NUMBER OF MEDIUM AND** large apartment buildings to exchange their properties.

**E. B. WOOLF & CO., Realtor Edg.**

**NINER 16 APARTMENT KENWOOD;** mail 16 mortgage; income \$7,200; \$10,000; want large residence. Address P O Tribune.

**HANGE-N. E. 18 FLATS, RENTS \$10-;** nigs; 650,000; want clear vacant, imp.; H. B. Hoover, 1709 N. Dearborn Unit 5.  
**H. CLEAR N. S. STOVE HEAT BRICK**; rent \$1,000; want N. S. 12 or 15 flat; etm. st. BESTMAN, 2828 Lincoln av.

**EXCHANGE- FOR VACANT, NEW SIX** bldg., nos. 834 & 836 W. 4th St.; 13,000; B. B. REDFIELD, 348 W. 4th St.;  
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